THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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The Trouble Averted

There Will Be No Strike Among the Johnstown Workmen.

THE DISCONTENTS PAID OFF.

Contractors Not in Any Way Embarrassed By the Reduction in the Working Force. Plenty of Places for the Chicago Houses. Other Happenings at Johnstown.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 21.—The discontented workmen were paid off yesterday and got rid of. A few of them are still in the tents, but they will be forced to leave town at once. The Fourteenth regiment was in readiness all day to suppress any demonstration that might occur, and guards were multiplied all over the city. Nothing but incendiary speeches were made, however, and no overt acts attempted.

The contractors claim that the food has been abundant except where the provisions ordered from Pittsburg had not arrived in time, and in one or two cases the cars containing the provisions had been robbed. Gen. Hastings informed the contractors that if they requested it, Col. Patton, one of his aides, would furnish all of the men with an army ration each per day, which the contractors would have to pay.

Each contractor has been ordered to reduce his force so as not to exceed 450 men and eighty-four wagons or cars, so the absence of the strikers will not embarrass the contractors.

Governor Hastings has directed that fifty men commence cleaning out cellars to-morrow preparatory to the erection of new houses.

Joseph Trunzer, while at work on the bridge gorge yesterday evening, noticed three suspicious fellows loitering around and ordered them off several times. Finally one of them lunged at him with a knife but missed him. Trunzer felled the man with a bucker. At this juncture another of the gang jumped toward Trunzer and fired a revolver at him, the ball flying past Trunzer's head. Seeing the man preparing to shoot again Trunzer stooped, and picking up the man he had knocked down, he held him out in front of himself, and started for the man with the revolver. He kept up the chase for a minute or two, but the man he was carrying becoming heavy, he dropped him and ran after the other one. Again the man fired, and again he missed Trunzer. The chase continued clear down the Conemaugh to Cambria City, where the fellow ran into a house and into a dark room, where Trunzer attacked him with a hammer, and dealt him two blows on the head, almost crushing his skull. The fellow was then arrested, together with his two companions, and after a hearing committed to jail at Ebensburg for assault with intent to murder. This affair has been the most exciting of all that has taken place here. It was witnessed by several hundred people, many of whom took part in the chase.

The Cambria Iron company has offered to furnish all the sites that may be claimed either in the Conemaugh valley near its mills or the slope north of Cambria City for the erection of the new Chicago houses that will begin to arrive this evening said Saturday. The authorities of Maxham have also offered the same privileges. The Cambria company says not a cent will be charged for occupants the first year, and a very low ground rent thereafter.

John S. Slagle, representing the Pittsburg chamber of commerce, says 500 of these houses have been contracted for, including cook stove, furniture, bed clothing, etc., for each house.

Fourteen bodies were taken out of the bridge gorge yesterday.

A Letter from Clara Barton.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—A. S. Solomons, vice president of the National Red Cross association, has received a letter from Miss Clara Barton, the president, dated Wednesday from Johnstown, Pa., in which she says:

"In regard to sending more supplies here I should not like to take the responsibility of checking the flow of charity in this direction. The troubles are yet too fresh. The stricken people live in houses not their own, dozens in a room. The clothing they receive can't be washed, for lack of conveniences and must be lost and replaced many times before they are in suitable homes for its preservation. The bounty of the people seems to have been unmeasured, but the need also was measureless.

"Relating to the action of a woman's hospital as a branch or annex to the Red Cross, this might be very well considered if the necessities for a hospital should increase. At present the Red Cross has a new, fine hospital of its own, which seems to cover all the necessities really in the city. Its plans are ample and its site beautifully chosen. The medical force at present is ample for the needs. There are excellent ladies here as physicians and nurses, and these are employed in relieving the physical needs of the people. There seems to be good ground for reasonable hope that the health of the city may be maintained, but if by any misfortune this should fail, and there should be need of more medical service than is already here, I am sure the Red Cross with one accord would be the first to sound the note of warning, and call for help from any field regardless of sect or sex."

A Missing Schooner.

CHARLEVOIX, Mich., June 21.—The schooner Maggie Avery left Traverse City Saturday night laden with brick for this port, and has not since been heard from. Capt. H. G. Edwards and Mate John Tooley, both of this place, were on board. A diligent search has been made for her, and it is believed that she sank during the gale of Saturday night with all on board.

MAIL POUCH STOLEN.

A Big Robbery at Nashville May 7 Being Investigated by the Government.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 21.—All the mail that that left the Nashville postoffice for the south on the night of May 7 has disappeared. The fact has been withheld by the postoffice officials, that the investigation might not be hampered. For two days a government inspector or detective has been in the city but he has proceeded so quietly that his presence has been known to only attaches of the department. The mail for southern points as far as New Orleans was arranged as usual, put in a pouch, locked up and delivered at the door of the postoffice to the driver of the wagon which carries mail to the depot. The pouch was locked up in this wagon, which drove off toward the depot, and that is the last heard of it as yet.

The loss of the pouch was detected in two or three days, and in this way, according to a rule of the government a number of southern postoffices are required to daily remit to the Nashville postoffice any excess of receipts over a certain sum, which varies according to the volume of business done at a place. This is done that no large amount of money may be stored at any office. Receipts for these remittances are daily sent to the postmasters forwarding the money.

On May 9 the postmasters to whom receipts were due from Postmaster Dr. Currey, for remittances of May 6, wrote that their voucher had not arrived. The banks at Franklin, Columbia and Pulaski then notified him of the failure to get checks, drafts, etc.

Proof that the entire mail from Nashville to the south had disappeared rapidly accumulated, and Dr. Currey made an investigation. He learned, it is stated, that the mail-pouch had been delivered at the door of the postoffice as usual to the driver of the contractor's wagon. The mail clerks on the train which should have received the pouch stated that they had never seen anything of it. The pouch, it was thus reasoned, had disappeared after leaving the postoffice. But how? To settle that question Dr. Currey, on May 13, notified the department at Washington. Nothing further was heard in this connection until, as stated, Mr. Stubbs, a special agent, came to Nashville last Tuesday to hunt the affair down.

It is impossible now to learn how much money was in the mail. It was destined for a large and important territory, and the presumption is that the pouch contained much valuable matter.

TWELVE HUNDRED LIVES LOST.

A Great Disaster in China Caused by a Fire—Other Foreign News.

SHANGHAI, June 21.—A fire which lasted four whole days has destroyed half of the important town of La Chan in the province of Sze-Chuen. The inhabitants were compelled to flee for their lives and it is estimated that no less than 1,200 were killed, most of them being crushed to death while attempting to escape through the narrow and crooked streets. There are 10,000 people homeless. A fund has been started here for their relief.

Thanks of the Emperor.

BERLIN, June 21. The Reichsanzeiger announces that the emperor tenders his thanks to the commander of the army corps in Westphalia for the resolution and judgment manifested by him in dealing with the strikers.

Dublin's Next Mayor.

DUBLIN, June 21.—Mr. Winstanley, a Protestant, has been privately selected by the Home Rulers as their candidate for mayor of Dublin. This is equivalent to an election.

King William Down Again.

THE HAGUE, June 21.—The King of Holland, who recovered sufficiently from his recent illness to resume the reins of government, has had a serious relapse.

Cardinal Ill.

ROME, June 21.—Cardinal Pecci, brother of the pope, is seriously ill.

A LICENSE ISSUE.

Indianapolis Saloon Keepers Raise a Question for the Supreme Court.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 21.—The saloon keepers are preparing to resist the payment of the $250 license fee, which was passed by the council, and will be in force in a few days, and a fund has already been raised to carry a test case to the supreme court. The city will endeavor to charge each saloon keeper from the date of the taking effect of the ordinance, regardless of the time his license was taken out.

The city attorney holds that licenses taken out on the 1st of this month, the time that a majority of renewals were made, are not good against the subsequent action of the city in raising the fee, and that the $250 received will be nothing more than so much paid on the $250 fee, the seller being obliged to pay the balance. The saloon keepers deny this, and hold that their licenses are good for one year, and this point will be carried to the supreme court at once.

Brickmakers' Strike Extending.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The brickmakers' strike at Blue island is spreading. There are now 500 men out, and by Monday it is thought the number will be swelled to a thousand or more. There is likely to be trouble should an attempt be made to fill the places of the strikers. The manufacturers has as yet had no conference, but will probably hold one and determine upon some plan of concerted action.

Sent to the Pen for Pocket-Picking.

CLEVELAND, O., June 21.—Mollie Matches, the well known burglar, thief and pickpocket, who served a term at Joliet for the Galesburg, Ill., bank robbery, was yesterday taken to the penitentiary on a four years' term, from Ashtabula, O., for pocket-picking.

Still Investigating

The Cronin Grand Jury Hard at Work.

NO STARTLING REVELATION.

Efforts Made to Connect the Crime With a Man Who Has Been Dead Several Years. An Officer Arrives at Winnipeg and Identifies Burke.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The special grand jury resumed its investigation into the Cronin case at 10 o'clock. Their intention seems to be to examine more witnesses than appeared before the coroner's jury, and it is evident their investigation will be a thorough one. Several witnesses have been recalled four or five times.

Books from the Chicago National bank were carried into the jury room it is supposed for the purpose of farther examining Alexander Sullivan's accounts.

The jury adjourned for the noon recess at 1 o'clock.

The work of taking depositions to accompany the extradition papers for the man Burke are being prepared as rapidly as possible and it is thought will be completed to-night.

A portion of the afternoon session of the grand jury was occupied in the taking of testimony showing that as far back as 1883 Dr. Cronin had stated to intimate friends that his life was in danger and that if anything happened to him Timothy Crean should be held responsible. Timothy is dead, likewise buried. For three years a stately shaft has adorned his mound. Burke, the Winnipeg suspect, was present at its dedication, and it was by means of a photograph taken on the spot that he was identified as the mysterious Williams by the same witnesses that a week ago were confident that Maroney, then incarcerated in New York, was the man wanted. The testimony of the other witnesses was of a routine character.

A Herald dispatch from Winnipeg says that through a felt hat and other articles found in his valise Burke was identified at 9 p. m. as the man wanted in Chicago. He was at once handcuffed and transferred from the police station to the provincial jail in the regular police van, a warrant for his arrest on the charge of murder being sworn out before Judge Barnes. Collins swore that the facts would warrant the prisoner's extradition, and he was remanded. He appears broken down and scared, and it is believed in Winnipeg that he will make a confession before he returns to the states.

Rumors are current that Ice Man Sullivan is on the eve of a confession. He has made a request that he should be removed to the boy's quarters of the jail, an isolated portion of the building, and it was granted. The jail officials believe that this move is preparatory to a "squeal" and that the prisoner will unbosom himself before many hours.

Burke Identified.

WINNIPEG, June 21.—Officer Collin's, of the Chicago detective force, has identified Burke. Steps for extradition will be taken at once.

It has been learned that Colder, the agent who sold the ticket from Winnipeg to Liverpool to Burke was the man who spotted the suspect and sent for Chief Rae to arrest him. Burke in buying the ticket said he wanted one which would take him all through British territory, as he had had some trouble in the states and did not want to risk himself south of the boundary line. This aroused Colder's suspicions and he sent for the chief of police, who shadowed Burke until he thought fit to arrest him.

Crying Down German Swords.

LONDON, June 21.—The London military tournament is attracting large crowds from all parts of the kingdom. The exhibition of swordsmanship yesterday was witnessed by thousands of spectators, and quite a little flurry was occasioned when during the combat two swords were broken in quick succession. The cry was raised, "German make," "German make," and soon the whole vast assemblage echoed the shout. It was some time before the contests interrupted by this incident could be resumed.

Mind Reader Bishop's Estate.

NEW YORK, June 21.—In the surrogates court the mother of Mind Reader Bishop applied for letters of administration upon his estate, and a counter application was made by his widow. Decision was reserved. The mother claims that Mrs. Bishop is not a widow in New York, though she is in Minnesota, and that she has no legal claims on Bishop's property in this state. She was a second wife and Bishop's divorce from his first wife prevented his marrying again according to New York laws.

Cause of the Trouble.

CONCORD, N. H., June 21.—The trouble among the Italian laborers employed on the Suncook Valley Extension railroad near Pittsfield was caused by dissatisfaction with the sutler, who is also an Italian. This man was discharged yesterday and the laborers returned to work.

Rains in the Northwest.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 21.—All the railroad covering a radius of 500 miles and more west, northwest and southwest report general and bountiful rains. Fears are now expressed that further rains which threaten in some quarters would prove very damaging to crops.

Woolen Mills Damaged by Fire.

WORCESTER, Mass., June 21.—Kent & Company's woolen mill at Jansenville was damaged to the extent of $20,000 by fire Friday. Insurance $7,000.

THEIR OBJECTS EXPLAINED.

The Patriotic Order of Sons of America Make a Statement to the Public.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The Patriotic Order of Sons of America has prepared a long statement for the press, explanatory of the badge incident at Wednesday's White House reception. In a series of articles they set forth the objects of the order, and in conclusion they say:

"We call especial attention of those reporters who have styled us as 'Know-Nothings' and 'anti-Catholics,' to article 5, in which 'we cordially welcome all foreigners who come to this country with the earnest desire of becoming loyal American citizens,' and we quote from our official expose: 'We have no quarrel with any man on account of nationality or religion, but we wish to accord equal justice to all American citizens.'

"The article from the address of our National president, so extensively quoted, requires no apology and this order in National convention assembled unhesitatingly declares there is no room in this republican government for any organization under whatsoever name, which advocates and practices murder and assassination, and we believe that every intelligent citizen, native or foreign born, who has read the evidence presented to the coroner's jury of Chicago relative to the Cronin murder, has felt this to be true, and that their existence is a constant menace to our government.

"The badge incident sensational characterized as 'Burchardism' is a misrepresentation. The reception by the president was cordial and gratifying to the members of this order, and the fact that he has promised, if in the city, to review our parade, is evidence that no ill-feeling has been generated between the members of this order and country's chief executive."

The session of the Patriotic Order of Sons of America has elected the following officers for the ensuing two years: President, George P. Smith, of Chicago, re-elected; vice president, Napoleon Underwood, of New Orleans; master of forms and ceremonies, William J. Stover, of Philadelphia; secretary, Dr. F. W. Headley, of Cincinnati, re-elected; treasurer, A. B. Phillips, of Denver, re-elected.

The reports of a number of committees were read and accepted and then the convention went into a discussion of many of the president's recommendations. A good deal of time was given to the question of the organization of colored lodges.

THE SUNDAY QUESTION.

Proceeds of the Brewers' Picnic Refused for Charity.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., June 21.—Last Sunday, the Centliore and Berghoff breweries held a picnic at the Tivoli gardens, the profits to be donated to the Johnstown sufferers. The picnic was held in defiance of Mayor Harding's order, who was elected on the issue of the observance of the Sunday liquor law, and who has kept the saloons closed since his administration. The object of the picnic was to enter a wedge toward the reopening of the Sunday liquor traffic.

They tendered the sum of $561 to the local treasurer of the Johnstown fund, C. R. Higgins, who has just been appointed postmaster. He refused to accept the money on account of the moral effect it would have on the mayor's efforts to enforce the Sunday law.

A message was received by Rev. Leeper from W. R. Thompson, of Pittsburg, the treasurer of the general fund, saying that if the money was sent to him he would return it at once. Thus the matter stands. Yesterday the bartenders who sold the liquor were brought into court and heavily fined.

NOTIFIED TO SETTLE.

Cleveland Druggists Charged With Selling Liquor Without Paying Dow Tax.

CLEVELAND, June 21.—Some time since a number of "smellers" were appointed by the county auditor to act as spies upon druggists who were suspected of selling liquor without paying the Dow tax.

Some fifty of sixty detections were made, but the methods employed by the detectives were so questionable that the county prosecutor refused to prosecute the druggists, and the county commissioners abrogated the contract with the detectives. The auditor has nevertheless notified the druggists to call and settle.

This they refuse to do, and yesterday a temporary injunction was granted restraining the auditor from collecting the assessments. The druggists have their war paint on, and some racy testimony is promised when the injunction comes up for hearing.

Brutal Murder.

OMAHA, Neb., June 20.—Mrs. Pomeroy Clark was shot dead near Elgin last night by Nick Foley, who had been courting Mrs. Clark's sister, a Miss Rigger, and had been rejected. Foley first attacked Mr. Clark and wounded him slightly. Being thrown out of the house by Clark, he climbed up to a window, through which he shot Mrs. Clark. He fired several shots without effect at Clark and Miss Rigger, and then escaped with a horse stolen from Clark's stable. A posse is in pursuit.

Military Academy Commencement.

CHESTER, Pa., June 21.—The twenty-seventh commencement of the Pennsylvania Military academy took place yesterday. A large number of distinguished guests were present. The military exercises were finely conducted.

McCaffrey Will Have the Tickets.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Dominick McCaffrey has been appointed a special agent of the Pennsylvania railroad company to book tourists for the Sullivan-Kilrain fight, near New Orleans, July 8, at special rates.

Consuls Appointed.

The President Fills Several Foreign Offices.

A LIST OF THE LUCKY MEN.

Colorado, Ohio, Massachusetts, New York, Indiana and Pennsylvania Each Secures a Prize—Other Information as Telegraphed From Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The president has made the following consular appointments: Oliver H. Simons, of Colorado, consul to Hong Kong; William Monaghan, of Ohio, consul to Chatham, Ont.; William T. Rice, of Massachusetts, consul to Leghorn; Lyoll T. Adams, of New York, consul to Horgen, Switzerland; H. W. Dierich, of Indiana, consul to Nuremberg, and Roland Hemmick, of Pennsylvania, consul to Geneva.

Oliver H. Simons was last week nominated to St. Petersburg. He is transferred to Hong Kong with his own consent.

William Monaghan, of New Lisbon, O., is at present prominently connected with state politics, and has held several state offices of importance.

William T. Rice was consul at Leghorn from 1880 to 1882. He is now sent back to his old post at Leghorn.

Lyoll T. Adams was appointed to Geneva March 3, 1876, and is now transferred to Horgen.

H. W. Dierich is a resident of Fort Wayne, and a native born citizen of German descent. He is president of the Concordia Lutheran college, a man of many attainments and a ripe scholar. He is well known politically.

Roland J. Hemmick is a prominent business man of Pittsburg and is recommended by a majority of the leading business men of that city.

The president has also appointed Hiram F. Devol, of Missouri, to be collector of internal revenue for the Sixth district of Missouri; Edward D. Bostwick to be a lieutenant in the navy, and Edward Lloyd, Jr., a lieutenant, junior grade, in the navy.

Indian Traders to be Investigated.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The senate committee on Indian affairs, of which Senator Dawes is chairman, will start west early in July to resume its investigation of the conduct of Indian traders. The committee has been called to meet in Chicago July 8. It will go thence to Port Townsend and there take the United States fish commission vessel Albatross for Alaska.

It is thought that the members of the committee who will take the trip will be senators Dawes, Manderson, Walcott, Morgan and Jones, of Arkansas. W. P. Canaday, and the sergeant at arms of the senate will accompany the committee.

An Important Appointment.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The comptroller of the currency has appointed A. Barton Hepburn, of Canton, St. Lawrence county, N. Y., examiner of National banks in the city of New York. Mr. Hepburn is 43 years old; has been a member of the New York assembly; was superintendent of the New York state banking department for three years, and is superintendent of the Canton Lumber company. He was endorsed by Senator Evarts and Hiscock, Chauncey Depew, T. C. Platt and many other prominent persons. He succeeds V. P. Snyder, who resigned.

A Johnstown Sufferer Wants an Office.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Mrs. M. J. Blaisdell, a "Johnstown sufferer," as her card said, was one of the callers at the president's mansion yesterday. She carried with her a small brown satchel, which she said was all she saved. She was on the same train with Mrs. and Miss Halford and lost her baggage. Now she wants a place in the pension office.

Accounts to Be Inspected.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Brig. Gen. Joseph C. Breckenridge, inspector general, has received orders to proceed to Fortress Monroe, Va., and inspect the money accounts of officers of the army disbursing public funds at that post.

Parcel Post Extension.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The provisions of the international parcel post system have been extended to articles arriving in this country from the Republic of Columbia.

The Cruiser Baltimore Almost Finished.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The navy department has been informed that the cruiser Baltimore will be ready for official trial trip about July 8, at Philadelphia.

Consul Recognized.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The president has recognized Marie Eugene Flandin as consul-in-charge of the vice consul at France, at Boston.

Meeting of the Northwestern Saengerfest.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 21.—This city has a decided holiday appearance on account of the Northwestern Saengerfest, which opened here last night. Gilmore's band and twenty singing societies from all over the northwest, numbering nearly 750 people, arrived yesterday, and were given a hearty welcome by the singing societies of this city. Including the Minneapolis singers, the grand chorus numbers nearly 1,000 voices. The concert last night was a grand success all around.

Mexican War Veteran Granted a Pension.

BALTIMORE, June 21.—Ex-Governor Owen Bowill, who fought in the Mexican war, being second lieutenant of company E, Baltimore and Washington battalion was granted a pension yesterday. The pension commences from January, 1887, at $8 per month.

STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS.

General Simon Cameron Reported in a Critical Condition at His Home.

SIMON CAMERON.

LANCASTER, Pa., June 21.—Gen. Simon Cameron has been stricken with paralysis of the right side, and is in a critical condition. Wayne McVeagh, and Mrs. Haldeman, his daughter, are with him at his home in Donegal Springs.

RHODE ISLAND ELECTION.

The Prohibition Amendment Repealed by a Large Majority.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 21.—The total vote was 28,408 for repeal of the prohibitory amendment and 9,853 against repeal. The amendment is, therefore, repealed by 5,469 more than the required three-fifths of the total vote. The amendment was adopted in 1886 by a vote of 15,113 to 9,230. Yesterday's vote in this city was 11,919 for repeal, 2,940 against repeal. Newport voted 2,102 for repeal, 362 against repeal. Pawtucket voted 2,667 for and 710 against repeal.

The official announcement of the vote will be made some time between July 15, when the official count must be completed, and July 20.

Missouri's Saloons Crippled.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., June 22.—Governor Francis dealt the saloons of Missouri the most severe blow they have ever received when he signed the Newberry bill. The bill prohibits music, cards, dice, billiard tables, pool tables, bowling alleys and boxing gloves in saloons, and will go into effect July 1. St. Louis and Kansas City saloons will be most affected, and about 3,000 of them will have to change their style of operation.

Expelled From the Committee.

DAYTON, O., June 21.—The Democratic state central committee last night formally expelled E. J. Dowdall, of Columbus. Dowdall prepared a minority report on the expenses of the last campaign, inferentially charging Chairman Townsend with embezzling about $10,000 of the campaign funds. This report he furnished the Republican press in advance of the committee meeting.

Conscience Makes Cowards of Us All.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—A conscience contribution, amounting to $130, has been received at the treasury department from a lady in Philadelphia. Her letter, accompanying the remittance, stated that the money was for the payment of customs duties on goods which she had smuggled into the country.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Minor Events and Little Happenings at Various Places.

O'Donovan Rossa has been sued for criminal libel.

John Moore killed Henry Bradley in a quarrel at Plymouth, W. Va.

Hamilton county delegates to the Republican state convention are for Foraker.

Virgil C. Lowery has been nominated for senator by the Democrats of the Ninth Ohio district.

The annual convention of the American Dental Trade association is in session at New York.

At Charleston, W. Va., Rufus Workman, Jr., took ten grains of morphine with suicidal intent. He will recover.

W. C. Lally, a substitute postal clerk, is on trial at Chicago, charged with stealing eighty-six registered packages.

The sheriff of Fayette county, O., has been exhonorated from blame in connection with the escape of Carter, the bunkoist.

The question of opening the reservation belonging to the Sisseton Indians, embracing 3,000,000 acres of land, is under discussion.

An indignation meeting, held at Music Hall, Cincinnati, last night, adopted resolutions urging the repeal of the Owen Sunday law.

Mrs. John E. Smith, a bride of sixteen days, committed suicide at Piqua, O., by hanging herself. No cause is known for the deed.

Hon. T. E. Stout, a Republican lawyer of Huntington, W. Va., was brutally assaulted while taking depositions in a congressional contest.

A traveling man named Notce was found in his room in a Huntsville, Ala., hotel in an unconscious condition from morphine taken to produce sleep.

At Hillsdale, Ind., four boys Portman, 9, two Douglass brothers, 9 and 11, and Snyder, 13, went swimming. Snyder had money and did not return with the others. He was found in a hole in the creek, his brains oozing from a wound in his head and the money gone. The boys claim that he was drowned.

Base Ball.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 7, Kansas City 4.

At Philadelphia—Athletics 6, Columbus 7.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 14, Baltimore 3.

At St. Louis—No game; rain.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 6, Washington 4.

At Chicago—Chicago 2, Philadelphia 5.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 0, New York 1

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This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

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from House, Office, Hotel, Church and School Furniture.
25c., 50c., AND $1.00 BOTTLES.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND FURNITURE DEALERS.

Three Bridges Washed Away.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 21.—A heavy rain storm Wednesday night and yesterday caused the greatest freshet ever seen in the Folly and Great Village rivers. Three bridges, including one built of iron, were carried away at Arcadia mines. The iron bridge at Folly-ville and the railroad bridge at Debert were badly damaged, and the wooden bridge on the main road between Folly and Truro was carried away. A great deal of damage was done to crops.

Jealousy Causes a Double Tragedy.

CANNON, Ind., June 21.—Conrad Bowman killed his wife and then committed suicide here yesterday. Mrs. Bowman was shot twice through the head and lived an hour, but Bowman died instantly. The family were in good circumstances. Jealousy is thought to have been the incentive for the tragedy.

Valuable Paintings Burned.

DES MOINES, Iowa, June 21.—The main building of the Callahan college, including the lecture room, laboratory, music and art rooms, and a fine collection of paintings burned yesterday. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary. Loss $25,000.

Insane People Voted.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 21.—Smith Williams, superintendent of the county poor asylum, and H. W. Miller, ex-treasurer of Marion county, plead guilty yesterday to voting insane persons at the last election, and were fined $50 and $250 respectively.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for June 20.

NEW YORK.—Money 2 per cent. Exchange steady; government quiet.

Currency sixes, 118 bid; four coupons, 123½ bid; four-and-a-halfs, 108¾ bid.

There was a moderate business in the stock market this morning, which, however, was principally confined to less than a dozen stocks, among which St. Paul, Union Pacific, Reading, New England, Atchison and Rock Island were most conspicuous. The market opened on a rally from last night's low figures and first prices showed advances of from ¼ to ⅝ per cent., Reading and Burlington and Quincy showing the largest gains. Slight further improvement was made when the weakness of last evening appeared, and everything retired below the opening figures. At noon the market was fairly active and strong at about opening figures.

Bur. & Quincy	102¾	Michigan Cent.	90%
Central Pacific	35¾	Missouri Pacific	75%
C., C., C. & I.	72	N. Y. Central	108%
Del. & Hudson	148½	Northwestern	110
Del., Lack. & W	147⅝	Ohio & Miss.	22¾
Illinois Central	119	Pacific Mail	35%
Lake Shore	100	St. Paul	71¾
Louisville & Nash	70¾	Western Union	76%

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—76@80c.

CORN—35@36c.

WOOL—Unwashed, fine merino, 18@19c; one-fourth blood combing, 25@26c; medium delaine and clothing, 24@25c; braid, 18@20c; medium combing, 23@24c; fleece washed, fine merino X and XX, 25@26c; medium clothing, 30@31c; delaine fleece, 30@31c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $13 00; No. 2, $8 00; prairie, $7 50@8 50; wheat, oats and rye straw, $6 00@7 00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, $3 50@3 85; fair, $2 85@3 40; common, $1 75@2 75; stockers and feeders, $2 25@2 75; yearlings and calves, $2 50@3 50.

HOGS—Select butchers, $4 20@4 25; fair to good packing, $4 10@4 20; fair to good light, $4 30@4 40; common, $3 50@4 00.

SHEEP—Common to fair, $3 00@3 75; good to choice, $3 85@4 50.

LAMBS—$4 25@6 25.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Prime, $4 15@4 35; common to fair, $2 40@3 90.

HOGS—Philadelphias, $4 50@4 60; mixed, $4 00; heavy hogs, $4 60@4 80; pigs and Yorkers, $4 60@4 60; common to fair, $4 50@4 60.

SHEEP—Prime, $4 00@4 25; fair to good, $3 50@4 00; common, $2 00@3 00; yearlings, $3 50@4 00.

LAMBS—$5 00@7 00.

Chicago.

HOGS—Fair to good, $4 25@4 50; mixed packing, $4 20@4 40; heavy to choice, $4 30@4 50.

CATTLE—Choice to extra shipping, $3 80@4 10; mixed, $3 50@3 85; stockers and feeders, $2 40@3 00.

SHEEP—Common to choice, $3 25@4 65.

LAMBS—$4 75@5 50.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 2 state red, 84½c; No. 2 red winter, July 86½c.

CORN—Mixed, 42½c.

OATS—No. 2 white, 28½c; No. 2 mixed, July, 26½c.

CATTLE—$2 40@4 60 per 100 pounds, live weight.

Toledo.

WHEAT—Steady; cash, 86½@87¾c; July 77½c.

CORN—Steady; cash, 34½c.

OATS—Steady; May, 24½c.

CLOVER SEED—Cash, $4 60.

Now Is the Time

—TO BUY—

SUMMER UNDERWEAR!

LOOK AT THESE PRICES

India Gauze, 25c, 35c, 40c
Balbriggan, - 45c, 75c
Summer Merino, - 35c, 45c
Fancy Stripe and Mixed, - - - - 50c
Best Drilling Drawers, Knit Ankles, - - 45c

Thin Clothing

In great variety of styles at low prices.

KLEINMAIER BROS.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

THE MARION DAILY STAR

Published Every Evening Except Sunday

—BY—

W. G. HARDING.

TERMS:

By Mail.....$4 per Year in Advance
Delivered by Carrier.....10 Cts. per Week

FRIDAY, - - - - - JUNE 21.

The Delaware Herald thinks "Lawrence T. Neal, of Chillicothe, for Governor, and Boston G. Young, of Marion, for Lieutenat Governor, would make a winning ticket for the Democrats." but we want to ask why not make Mr. Young the head of the ticket if his name is to be used at all. He doesn't need to take a back seat for any of the men mentioned for the head.

Ohio Crop Prospects.

The official report of the State Board of Agriculture, giving the condition of crops and live stock, June 1st, has been issued. The percentage estimates averaged from the reports of the regular township correspondents are as follows:

Wheat, condition compared with a fair average 85 per cent.; rye, 84; barley, 84; oats, 79; tobacco, acreage, 82; tobacco, condition 80; clover, 86; timothy, 76; timothy, damaged by grub worm, 5; hogs, to be fed for summer markets, 56; condition compared with a fair average, 95; spring pigs, number saved compared with a fair average, 91; sheep, condition compared with a full average, 96; lambs, number saved compared with a fair average, 98; commercial fertilizers, number of farmers using 26.

The wheat average for the seven years is 2,483,196 acres, 82,085,797 bushels or 13.1 bushels per acre. Taking the seven-year average as a basis for comparison, the 85 per cent. estimated as the present wheat condition, with the 200,000 short in acreage, the present prospect for the coming wheat harvest indicates about 25,000,000 bushels or 11.1 bushels per acre, being 5,000,000 bushels short of last year's product, and 7,000,000 short of the last seven years' acreage.

The dry weather during April and early May caused a shortage of growth of grass and grain crops. Timothy in central and southern Ohio will fall far below the average reported.

19th Annual Bee Line Excursion.

At the urgent request of quite a number regular patrons, the Bee Line and Big Four will arrange for one of their popular, personally conducted Excursions to Kansas, Colorado, Salt Lake, Rocky Mountains and Pacific Coast, under the management of the experienced excursion agent, Mr. D. Jay Colliver. In order to accommodate all and give ample time to prepare for a visit to the far west, Tuesday, July 23rd, has been selected as the date leaving Cleveland, Cincinnati, Columbus, Dayton, Springfield and Indianapolis. Bee Line agents at each point named, will be provided with full instructions and can give full information regarding rates, routes, etc. Address them or D. Jay Colliver, Bee Line Pass. Ag't, 173 Superior street, Cleveland, O.

NOTE.—Ask any of our former patrons how the Bee Line takes care of their excursionists.

A Duty to Yourself.

It is surprising that people will use a common ordinary pill when they can secure a valuable English one for the same money. Dr. Acker's English pills are a positive cure for sick-headache and all liver troubles. They are small, sweet, easily taken and do not gripe. Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Co.

Kent citizen getting tired of tending to weather office signals for the honor only and the town won't have any more predictions of rain or clear days and cold waves in warm summer.

The desecration of the Sabbath is worse in rural Ashtabula county than in the towns and cities. It's the favorite day for farmers to hoe their small gardens and the boys all go hunting.

Lengthen Your Days.

You can prolong your days by using Loose's Extract Red Clover Blossoms. It is the best blood purifier in the market, and thousands attest its value. Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Foye, Druggist.

Prospect.

We are having too much rain here for the farmers to attend to their crops—corn plowing and the making of clover hay. Corn looks well, but is getting very grassy. Wheat promises to be a large crop and will be ready to cut in a couple weeks.

Wyatt and Watkins Bros. are buying new wool. We believe the price is thirty cents.

Corn is selling here at forty-one cents.

The Prospect Star ball club went to Green Camp the 9th and defeated the club of that place the score being twenty-nine to sixteen, then the Green Camp boys came here and defeated our club by a score of twenty-two to eight. It is apparent that each of the clubs had better play away from home.

A new base ball club, called the Buckeyes, was organized here last evening, with Joseph Osborn as captain and manager. A match game will be played tomorrow between this club and the Star ball club, of this place.

The Star band's annual picnic in the grove east Thursday evening was a decided success, both financially and socially. A large number were present from neighboring towns, and all enjoyed themselves. The ice cream and cake were elegant, and the Green Camp band discoursed some elegant music.

Sunday evening about 11 o'clock some forty persons stopped a carriage containing Wm. Gabler, Amos Simpson and two Milligan girls, when one of the party pulled Gabler from the carriage, and he was administered a severe whipping. In the melee that followed Simpson, also, received some severe bruises—accidentally. The cause of the affair appears to be that Gabler is a married man whose wife is in the last stages of consumption, and he, it seems, has been rather too intimate with one of the before mentioned girls, and some of his wife's friends thought they would put a few finishing touches to him.

Dr. N. O. Brenizer, a stalwart Republican, was elected as Prospect's delegate to the state convention, to be held the 25th and 26th at Columbus.

Mrs. Dr. Hill, of Tennessee is visiting her husband's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Caleb Hill.

Joe Osborn has returned home to spend his summer vacation. He was accompanied by one of his fellow students.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hughes, of Owen were in town Wednesday on business.

W. B. Ramer, of Caledonia, was here Saturday viewing the ball game as catcher for Green Camp and to him they mostly owe their victory.

Henry Hile, of Pennsylvania, has been visiting friends here for the past week.

Mrs. Mary Davids, an aged lady of this place, had the misfortune to fall into her cistern this morning. She could just keep her head above water. After remaining in the cistern for a long time a neighbor heard her cry and she was rescued. She is quite sick from exposure and fright.

Quite a number of our citizens went to Richland to attend a picnic yesterday, held by the German M. E. churches of Marion and Delaware.

Prospect raised about $170 for the Johnstown sufferers.

The Star band expect to give an evening concert on public square Saturday evening June 29. M

Lathe.

The Republican State convention is looming, and it is time that public sentiment should be manifested so that the delegates selected will be able to decide with reasonable certainty what the will of the people is. There are several candidates for governorship, all competent to fill the office of governor if elected. I feel certain that if the convention will take up the brilliant Forker and nominate him promptly and with a vim that he can be elected with a larger plurality than he ever has been. The third term matter ought not to interfere in the least. I don't care how many terms a man serves if he is competent, honest and faithful to the trust reposed in him. When we have a faithful public servant who is prompt in his duty it is undoubtedly a good policy to keep him, generally, while faithful. Governor Forker has been a faithful governor, and who did we ever have a better? Never, in my opinion. The coming campaign will be a hot one, and not a stone will be left unturned by the opposition. The legislature will be important, and our candidate for governor will have a powerful influence in the legislative districts, if he be a man well known to the masses and popular with the people, especially if he is a good organizer and calculated to make a successful campaign. This is the kind of a candidate we want to win in success. Gov. Forker fully fills the bill, and with him as our candidate we will sail clear and land safely and triumphantly. I hope Marion county delegates will give this matter a careful consideration, and act promptly and decidedly, and, more, I hope they will stand up firmly for Forker and make their influence felt. With him as our candidate we go into the campaign with full confidence and no thought of defeat, and this is an important start, and we would feel that we had a competent leader, and energetic and popular candidate—at home and abroad and in neighboring states would rejoice and commend our choice, which would greatly stimulate our energies at home. Fellow Republicans, these are my views hold nobody else responsible, but give them whatever attention they merit

Very Truly, Etc.,
June 20.

Claridon-Adelaide.

J. L. Mitchell, of the firm of Rohlo & Mitchell, has sold his interest, and Mr. Rahlman now takes full charge of the store.

Kelly Moffet, of Huron, recently visited friends in this vicinity.

Our town is soon to be thoroughly tiled. Joe Squibb recently acquired the sad jest at discouragingly, on Wednesday last. — struck success-ored.

The exercises here on children's day were highly creditable, were, owing to short preparation, not equal to those of former occasions.

Jacob Hoover & Sons host a very valuable mare on Tuesday last

Whooping cough is prevalent. Fortunately there have been no more deaths.

Miss Addie Williams, of Marion, is stationed in Claridon, the guest of her brother, Thomas Williams.

Frederick Holt is improving his fish pond. He has an immense stock of carp, some of which weigh ten pounds.

We are glad to notice that Frank Morrow, who has been ill for a long while is up and around again.

A. Stark and wife, of Marion, spent Sunday with Mrs. Fischer.

Mrs. James Hinds, of Marion, Stark and with Claridon relatives and friends.

Charles Lederman and Mr. Palmer, of Marion, were in Claridon on Thursday.

Another corps of railroad surveyors arrived here yesterday. It is only necessary to say just now that we are exceedingly delighted.

Fred Holt drained his fish pond on Tuesday. Several people from Marion were present to see the fish.

June 20. N.

Caution to Mothers.

Every mother is cautioned against giving her child laudanum or any of the preparations, it creates an unnatural craving for stimulants which kills the interest of the child. Acker's Baby Soothing Syrup is prepared to benefit children at their teething. It is harmless and contains no Opium or Morphine. Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Co.

New overcoats of the latest approved make and of better material than usual will be furnished the O. N. G. by September. An eastern firm has the contract and will make 5,000

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

NEW YORK, LONDON AND PARIS FASHIONS IN DRESS.

Leading Novelties in the Summer Millinery—Bonnets and Hats to Suit All Styles of Faces—Flowers, Feathers and Lace Constitute the Favorite Garniture.

Much of the new millinery is in exceptionably good taste, and in the leading shops it is quite possible to find hats and bonnets adapted to individual faces. On many of these bonnets flowers are apparently tossed carelessly on to the slightest of foundations, while others are bent to suit the style of each wearer.

A CHARMING TRIO.

An artistically folded magnonette green corded ribbon, supported by a bouillonne kilt of crepe de Chine, forms the foundation of one bonnet, the crown consisting of pink tinted wisteria, drooping towards the face. The whole of another bonnet is what might be described as an idealized lace plait of moss green velvet, showing a lining of pale peach moire, spotted with white and edged with gold, twisted in and out are garlands of small green rosebuds and leaves and on one side nestle two tiny humming birds.

There never was a time when headgear was more spring and summer like than now, because hats and bonnets are both a mere resting place for flowers. Sometimes a close set wreath of roses or lilies of the valley rests on a pouf of lace, sometimes cowslips, as though they had just been gathered in the fields, nestle among velvet. In our first cut are shown three styles: The central figure represents a chip hat of pleasing shape, with trimmings of ribbon and feathers. The second figure is a lace bonnet with velvet bows and ties, and dependent on jet and osprey for garniture. The remaining figure is a stylish looking hat with trimmings of flowers and ribbons.

In the second cut is shown an elegant black lace bonnet, surmounted with a pretty cream colored fantasie and an aigrette of the same shade. The brim is bordered with a bandeau of green velvet.

Tulle bonnets will be much worn by young girls this season, with and without strings, and with either bows or flowers for trimmings. Now that strings to bonnets are rarely worn by the young much attention is being given to bows for the front of the neck. The most attractive are the Ivoryable, made of plaited lace or spotted net. The plaits are only pressed, not run, and a large bow is made of net with no ends, or else ends that come down to the hips. Sometimes the same thing is made of soft silk or in really good lace.

In hats, there are some with prominent brims in front, most skillfully veiled with a piece of lace, resembling an old fashioned fancy hooded veil (and, indeed, these are used for the purpose, if ladies possessed given them), carried to the back, where large bows of ribbon gather up the folds, hold back the brim, and tie a few flowers together. Loops of ribbon are brought out lower down close to the hair, to give the effect of the ribbon having been passed through the brim and then looped. This is new! The shaped hat is carried out in corresponding straw for country wear, and also in tulle for bride-maids, or young girls with little sprays of lilac laid close together on the brim, and a dainty cluster placed on the crown.

BLACK LACE BONNET.

In cream crepe hose with a tuft of cream ostrich feather tips instead of flowers the effect is lovely. In black tulle, veiled with cream, and with white and mauve lilac, these hats are most becoming. In artificial flowers, camellias, hitherto but sparingly used in millinery, are coming into fashion, and are equal wonderfully after autumn. Wings are also used in profusion.

Fashion Notes.

Large, soft silk ties, the color of the gown, are being worn.

In marking social events, such as weddings, engagements, birthdays, the "date" postcard, so popular in vogue, has already found favor here. Brave bits, barges and brooches are all represented. The "date" appears in gold or silver cord and wire, and is also outlined with small diamonds, pearls or other stones.

Very long muslin frills, in pink, apple green, deep red pale yellow, etc., with finely plaited ones are now all the rage, hanging down low in high fashion. Flounces extend to the hands and feet, or to the knee on one side, according to individual fancy, and they vary from 1¼ to 2¼ yards in length.

In finger rings, where small gems are employed, the cluster is a popular setting. Sometimes two clusters are placed so as to form a long setting; again, the overlapping ends of the ring terminate in a cluster, and so give a dragon d setting.

A waist belt, which will come into general favor when boating and tennis shirts are worn, has narrow stripes of tan leather placed and interplanted to the width of some three inches. It is in two shades, and is of plaint and soft.

Quaint little ear screws for young misses are those in which a tiny diamond surrounded by an even smaller pearl appear.

Large clocks are becoming popular on dog aprons, and some of the smart waistcoats for petticoats are in the same style.

The "Union knot" is a popular pattern in both gold and silver jewelry. The lover ring in which it appears is apparently bound together by a loose knot.

Pale pink underclothing is now occasionally trimmed with black lace.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

A Painful Ear Trouble Common During the Season of Open Air Bathing.

During the summer season, when multitudes are plunging into the surf, earaches are quite common with many whose tender aural membranes are unable to withstand the irritation of sand and waves dashing into the ears. It is now fully recognized that cold bathing, either in fresh or salt water, as indulged in so freely in the open air during the summer months, involves some danger to the ears. Upon prolonged swimming, with an occasional ducking of the head, inflammation may ensue from the entrance of the water through the auditory canal to the membrane tympani, and, if this be perforated, from its lodgment in the tympanum; while in those who dive head foremost, or strangle from any cause, inflammation is likely to be caused by the passage of water through the nares into the middle ear. The presence of sand or any foreign substance in the external meatus is a common cause of inflammation.

Most bathers are unmindful of the liability to injury to which their ears are injudiciously exposed; and while it is admitted that many of them escape injury of their ears, it is also probable, on account of the numerous other causes of aural inflammation than those already mentioned, that when induced the malady is likely to be explained in some other way.

However caused, otitis is an exceedingly painful and may prove a serious malady. The most rational plan of treatment would be to protect the external ear when about to take a bath. If cotton or wool stuck into the meatus can be made to answer the purpose, it will be all that can be required; but in all probability it will be washed out; consequently the best way is to use protecting pads or plugs over the external ear. A very efficient protection is gained by tying an ear muff made of oiled silk over the entire auricle.

When the drum membrane is perforated, not a drop of cold water should enter the external ear, since its admission into the tympanum is sufficient to rekindle the old inflammation with redoubled vigor. Consequently, an authority on this subject, from whom the above facts are derived, says he knows of no protection that will render surf bathing perfectly safe for any one who has had an aural disease, especially if that disease has left a perforation of the membrana timpani. Moreover, in such cases the head should be screened from any cold or current of air, and should be covered at night, and a pledget of cotton or wool applied in the meatus.

Fits of Langhor.

Dr. Richardson distinguishes between fits of languor and true fatigue arising from hard or prolonged physical or mental work. These fits of languor come on after repose. The affected person experiences it most on rising in the morning, and even after a good night's rest is still oppressed by a sense of weariness, and if the desire to go to sleep again be not gratified the evil is only increased. The only cure for this condition is moderate exercise, and the wearing of clothing which will give free liberation to the exhalations of the skin. Exercise must be taken regularly, and not by fits and starts; there must be no actual fatigue produced by the exercise or it will do harm, but just enough to make the patient feel glad of rest at night, and he will soon find that he awakes in the morning feeling refreshed instead of weary and disinclined to go through the day's work.

Eye Disease from Electric Light.

The contamal action of electric light on the eyes is said to have developed a new disease of these organs, called photo-electric ophthalmia. The patient is wakened in the night by severe pain around the eye, accompanied with excessive secretion of tears. An oculist in Cronstadt reports thirty patients thus affected in his own practice during the last ten years.

Antiseptic Power of Tobacco Smoke.

As evidence of the powerful antiseptic quality of the fumes of tobacco, Dr. Hajek, of Vienna, declares that smokers are less liable to diphtheria than non smokers in the ratio of 1 to 2.8, and Dr. Schiff says that smoking is forbidden in the bacteriological laboratories, because it is known to hinder the development of bacteria in the various culture media.

Brief and Practical.

A little nap before the noon meal will rest the nerves and promote digestion.

Eight hours' sleep will prevent more nervous diseases in women than all the medicine in the world can cure.

Thin people would be apt to gain flesh if they could be induced to drink a pint of sweet milk each night before going to bed.

It is very unpleasant for the sick, sitting or recumbent, to read or use the eyes closely, the eyes, probably from their intimate relation with the brain, are sympathetically affected by every ill that may attack any other part of the body.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE.

The Decline and Prospective Disappearance of the Kissing Habit.

The announcement is frequently seen that kissing as a social salutation has gone out of vogue and should be tabooed by people who profess to follow the best social usage. This is, however, a very strong statement of the case, the reign of social osculation being by no means over. But it is true that a gradual reform has within a year or two been in progress, as may be noted in the behavior of people whose example influences society. On this subject Good Housekeeping says:

The reform may be traced to two causes—a gradual perception of the fact that indiscriminate kissing is in exceedingly bad taste, offensive to many people and pleasing to very few; and the discovery that it is not only unrefined but is a source of danger to health and life. The force of these two arguments against promiscuous kissing as a social habit has been strong enough to produce a noticeable change in the practice of women in society. Kissing between women has not altogether gone out of practice even yet, but as a social greeting it is being surely dropped, except between relatives or very intimate friends, and even in such circles it is becoming less common.

The kissing habit has been carried to its greatest extreme among English speaking people, and people of other blood are often amazed and amused by the universality and cheapness of the kiss among the English nations.

The kiss, in its proper function, has a fine significance, and may be made the vehicle of the purest emotions, the honest expression of legitimate feeling, a greeting full of genuine, voluntary sympathy and love. The kissing habit is an abuse and a misuse. It has brought the kiss into disgrace and made it vulgar, cheap and hypocritical. Be it the province of this generation of refinement and education to rescue it from its degraded estate and restore it to its natural elevated and elevating place and use in the social economy.

A Standing Question.

A social conundrum which never stays answered is the following:

When wedding cards are received should the recipients return their cards or write an acknowledgment of invitations? Simply send your cards.

Pimples on the Face

Denote an impure state of the blood and are unsightly and sometimes painful. Acker's Blood Elixir will remove all impurities from the blood, clear the complexion smooth and clear. There is nothing that will so thoroughly build up the constitution, purify and strengthen the whole system as will be guaranteed by H. C. Hoberman & Co.

Cincinnati water got back fatal dose of poison. Carbolic acid is the best that can be used. For sale by druggists that give away free a trial bottle to prove its merits. Large size 50 cents.

Leucretia is offering testimonial in behalf of Red Clover Blood Cure for Cancers, Scrofula, Carbuncles, Tetter, and Glandular Swellings. After more than twenty years' experience I have found it to be an excellent blood purifier.

A. J. Mansfield, M. D.
Monroe, Mich.

Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Foye, Druggist.

—Dr. B. Miner, the eminent optician of Detroit, Mich., who is now a resident of Marion, Ind., will visit every town in this county. Any one suffering with weak eyes, or even abused by inferior glasses, should not fail to see him. Orders left at the postoffice will be promptly attended to. Free examination of eyes at home. On Saturday and Sundays he can be found in his office at residence No. 35, Silver street.

Are You Skeptical?

If so we will convince you that Acker's English Remedy is the best and is superior to all other preparations and is a positive cure for Throat and Lung Troubles, Croup, Whooping Cough and Colds. We guarantee the preparation. Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Co.

"Here," said the grocer as he exhibited a frozen jar to the man factory. "I packed this jar in butter, and the jar split from top to bottom. Perhaps you can explain the phenomenon." "Oh, yes, I can," was the quick reply, "the butter was stronger than the jar."

Is Life Worth Living?

Not if you go through the world a dyspeptic. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets are a positive cure for the worst forms of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pain in the Side and Constipation. Guarantee Plan used by H. C. Hoberman & Co.

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of Ohio.

LEGISLATIVE SINGLE DISTRICTS

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

SECTION 1. Be it resolved by the House of Assembly of the State of Ohio, That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1890, to amend Section 1 to 11 inclusive of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio, so they shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XI.

SEC. 1. The apportionment for members of the General Assembly shall be made every ten years, prior to the first session for members of the General Assembly in each decennial period, the members of the Senate and House of Representatives representing the two leading political parties respectively, shall meet in separate bodies, and each of said bodies shall, alternately, two electors, who shall forthwith be appointed by the governor, and said four electors so appointed and appointed shall constitute a commission, who shall ascertain and determine the ratio of representation for members of the General Assembly for the next ensuing and unless the number of representatives to which each county is entitled and the boundaries of each senatorial district. Should any vacancy occur in such commission, the senators of the party to which the original designation shall belong shall have the power, designate an elector to fill such vacancy, and he shall forthwith act and be a part of the commission.

SEC. 2. The population of the state, as ascertained by the preceding federal census or by such other manner as the General Assembly shall direct, shall be divided by the number of representatives to which the county is entitled and the boundaries of each senatorial district. Should any vacancy occur in such commission, the senators of the party to which the original designation shall belong shall have the power, designate an elector to fill such vacancy, and he shall forthwith act and be a part of the commission.

SEC. 3. The population of the state, as ascertained by the preceding federal census or by such other manner as the General Assembly shall direct, shall be divided by the number of representatives to which the county is entitled and the boundaries of each senatorial district. Should any vacancy occur in such commission, the senators of the party to which the original designation shall belong shall have the power, designate an elector to fill such vacancy, and he shall forthwith act and be a part of the commission.

SEC. 4. Each county shall be entitled to at least one representative, each county containing one and one-half, and not exceeding two and one-half times the ratio, and each county containing two and one-half times the ratio, and not exceeding three times the ratio, shall be entitled to three representatives, and so on, each county shall be entitled to one additional representative for each additional ratio.

SEC. 5. Each county entitled to more than one representative shall be divided by such commission into as many districts as it is entitled to representatives, each of said districts to contain as near as may be an equal number of inhabitants, and each county entitled to one representative shall be known as a district.

SEC. 6. Each senatorial district shall be composed of contiguous territory, as nearly equal in population as practicable, and no part of it of two counties shall be included in another county, and no county having a population equal to the ratio shall be divided in the formation of a senatorial district.

SEC. 7. Each county having a population equal to three-fourths of the ratio of representation shall constitute a senatorial district. Each county having a population equal to one and a fraction ratio, shall be divided into as many districts as it is entitled to representatives, and each of said districts shall have a population equal to the ratio of representation, as nearly as may be without dividing a township or ward of a city, and each district shall be entitled to one representative.

SEC. 8. Each senatorial district shall be composed of contiguous territory, as nearly equal in population as practicable, and no part of it of two counties shall be included in another county, and no county having a population equal to the ratio shall be divided in the formation of a senatorial district.

SEC. 9. The apportionment so made for members of the General Assembly shall be reported to the Governor, by such commission, within three months after the same shall be required, and the same shall be published in such manner as shall be provided by law.

SEC. 10. At such election there shall be a separate vote for each candidate or single district voted for, and the words "Legislative Single District—No."

ELIHU H. LAMPSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

HIRAM F. DAVIS,
President pro tem of the Senate.

Adopted April 9th, 1890.

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA, OHIO, } ss.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

I, Daniel J. Ryan, secretary of state of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a joint resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1890, taken from the original rolls filed in this office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal at Columbus, the 9th day of April, A. D. 1890.

DANIEL J. RYAN,
Secretary of State.

Executrix's Notice of Appointment.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executrix of the will of Daniel Linn, late of Marion county, Ohio, deceased.

[1-w3] RACHAEL LINN, Executrix.

GROCERIES NEVER SO CHEAP!

It will be of interest to everyone that buys Groceries to call at the

PALACE!

And see the Low Prices goods can be purchased for. I have made a Cut Price on Goods that Defy Competition. I have a full line of Canned Goods and everything kept in a first class grocery. The following are a few quotations:

CANNED GOODS.

1 can A. Luck & Co.'s California Peaches	20c
1 " " " Green Gages	20c
1 " " " Egg Plum	20c
1 " " " Apricots	25c
1 " J. H. F. very fine Peaches	30c
1 " Pie Peaches	10c
1 " Apples	25c
1 " Tomatoes	10c
1 " very good Tomatoes	12½c
1 " Beans, good	10c
1 " Peas, good	10c
1 " Pumpkin	10c

TEAS.

1 lb. Tea Dust	15c
1 lb. Y. H. Tea	25c
1 lb. "	50c
1 lb. "	90c
1 lb. Gun Powder, fine flavor	25c
1 lb. " very fine flavor	90c
1 lb. Uncolored Japan	60c

COFFEES.

Good, per package	25c
1 lb. Bulk, per package	24c
Dutch Java, very fine	30c
African Java, very fine	30c

SUGARS.

16 lbs. Light Brown	$1
15 lbs. Very Light Sugar	1
13 lbs. Pure White	1
11½ lbs. Granulated	1

22 lbs. Oat Meal	$1 00
22 lbs. Rolled Oats	1 00
21 lbs. Beans, Navy or Morrowfat	1 00
3 lbs. Nice Evaporated Apples	25
1 lb. Good Evaporated Peaches	12½
1 Gallon Fine Syrup	50
1859 Maple Sugar and Syrup, pure	
Vinegar, per gallon	20
8 Bars Good Soap	25

A full line of Meats. Salt by the Barrel. Some fine chances with Baking Powder. Cash for Country Produce. Remember the place, Fisher Block, opposite Postoffice.

[tu.fri.&wk.] **G. T. EMERSON, Manager.**

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NEATLY & PROMPTLY!

—AND IN THE—

LATEST -:- DESIGNS.

Local Time Card.

Following is the time of arrival of and departure of trains at and from the several depots in this city, according to the latest changes.

ERIE.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	10.07 a. m.	No. 12	4.26 a. m.
No. 37	8.05 a. m.	No. 4	12.47 p. m.
No. 5	12.33 p. m.	No. 2	2.40 p. m.
No. 3	11.40 p. m.	No. 8	6.10 p. m.

BIG FOUR.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	4.24 a. m.	No. 2	2.25 a. m.
No. 3	10.28 a. m.	No. 10	8.44 a. m.
No. 5	1.06 p. m.	No. 4	2.27 p. m.
No. 9	7.05 p. m.	No. 6	10.00 p. m.
Local	11.55 a. m.	No. 8	10.00 p. m.
Local	9.00 p. m.	Local	2.27 p. m.

C. H. V. AND T.

SOUTH.		NORTH.	
No. 1	12.10 p. m.	No. 2	8.00 a. m.
No. 3	5.00 p. m.	No. 4	1.55 p. m.
No. 5	7.20 p. m.	No. 6	8.55 p. m.

C. A. N. D.

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	8.00 a. m.	No. 6	5.55 p. m.
No. 3	12.55 p. m.	No. 10	7.30 p. m.
No. 5	11.25 p. m.	No. 12	4.10 a. m.
No. 7	4.15 p. m.	No. 14	11.30 a. m.

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Berndt & Bender

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AGENCY!

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HENRY TRUE, Cashier.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition is pending before the Hon. the Mayor and Council of the Village of Marion, in Marion County, Ohio, praying for the vacation of a certain alley between Lots Nos. 312 and 313 of a certain alley between Lots Nos. 296 and 327, and of a certain part of the alley on east side of lot No. B, and L. B.'s addition and between a line across said alley at the northwest corner of said lot No. 312 and a line eastward across said alley at a point thirty feet north from the southeast corner of said lot No. 327, all in the Bolt fontaine and Indiana Railroad Company's addition to said village, will be for hearing and action will be taken on the same at the regular meeting of said Council, at the Mayor's office in said village, on the 3d day of July, A. D. 1890, at 8 o'clock p. m.

EDWARD BURDE,
Attest, M. B. CHASE. THOMAS MCGRAW,
MARGARET O'DONNELL,
Petitioners.

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—AT—

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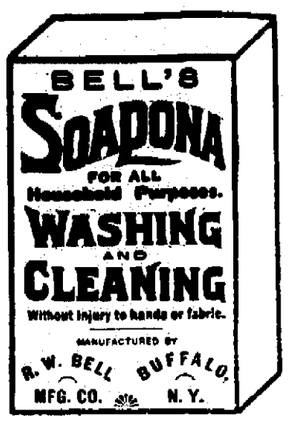
WISE BE, SOAPONA BUY, 'TWILL PAY WORK DONE ONE DAY.



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Use BELL'S SOAPONA EVERY-WHERE. Keeps Moths out of Carpets, Bureaus, Clothes Presses, &c. Washes Dishes clean and sweet. Brightens Glasses and Window Panes. Cleans Paint without injury. Cleans Every-thing. SOLD BY GROCERS.

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should be mild, prompt, and pleasant, with no griping or purgative effects. It should also incite the liver to action, aid digestion, and remove the kidneys. Like nothing else, Paine's Celery Compound is a perfect laxative, and cures constipation where all other remedies fail.

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Paine's Celery Compound

P. O. SPICKNEY, Druggist, Havana, Ala.

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J. B. JENKINS, Teacher, Choyla Creek, Texas.

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SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

THINGS SAID AND DONE IN THE PROGRESSIVE WORLD.

The Twin Palms and Ancient Well of Los Angeles, Which Furnish an Interesting Study for the Historically Inclined Tourist and Scientist. Botanist and Antiquarian.

The accompanying engraving was originally from a photograph taken by a correspondent of Scientific American, and shows the "twin palms" of Los Angeles, Cal.

TWIN PALMS AND OLD WELL OF LOS ANGELES

About these trees the correspondent referred to says: They are of the fan palm species and are gigantic in size, being probably the largest in the United States.

It is supposed they were planted by some of the mission fathers who founded the old Spanish missions on the Pacific coast. They may be classed among the wonders of sunny California. They are about ninety-five feet in height and seven feet in diameter. Their age is variously estimated, but it is safe to say that they are over one hundred years old.

During this period they have witnessed the growth of Los Angeles from a Spanish pueblo of adobe huts to the metropolis of Southern California.

Near these palms there still may be seen a well of great antiquity, whose waters have refreshed, perhaps, many of the ancient Aztecs, the children of the sun.

Felling Trees by Electricity.

The London Times reports that electric power has been adopted in the Galician forests. Usually in such machines the trunk is sawn, but in this case it is drilled with a series of holes close together. When the wood is of a soft nature the drill has a sweeping motion, and cuts into the trunk by means of cutting edges on its sides. The drill is actuated by an electric motor mounted on a carriage, which is comparatively light and can be brought up close to the tree and fastened to it. The motor is capable of turning around its vertical axis, and the drill is geared to it in such a manner that it can turn through an arc of a circle and make a sweeping cut into the trunk.

The first cut made, the drill is advanced a few inches and another section of the wood is removed in the same way, until the trunk is half severed. It is then clamped, to keep the cut from closing, and the operation continued until it would be unsafe to go on. The remainder is finished by a hand saw or an ax. The current is conveyed to the motor by insulated wires brought through the forest from a generator placed at some convenient site, which may be at a distance from the scene of operations. The generator may be driven by steam or water power and does not need to be transported from place to place.

A Remarkable Cavern in Virginia.

Orders were given to Capt. Jewell, in the employ of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, to cut down the face of a rocky cliff that juts out over the Greenbrier river at a point five miles east of Alderson and a mile and a half west of Fort Spring. In the discharge of this duty a few months ago he found that after cutting through an extremely compact stratum of black limestone, serving as an exterior shell, the rock that remained was in a singularly broken condition. On clearing the fragments away, there was suddenly exposed to view the hitherto hidden gateway of a cave of large dimensions, which has been appropriately named for its discoverer "The Jewell Cavern."

The mouth of the cave is 40 feet wide and 30 feet high. The vestibule is 50 feet deep, and what might be called the throat of the cave—a narrow and irregular aperture—is to the left as you go in. It bears the musical name of "Magnolia Gate." Just at this point, in a stratum of oolitic limestone, some excellent specimens of pentremites, crinoids and other fossils have been found, serving to determine the formation as sub-carboniferous and referable to the so called "Umbral series" of the Virginia survey. This series here includes what are known as the Greenbrier limestones and shales; the latter being soft and readily decomposed, while the former vary remarkably in character, from kinds almost as hard as granite down to the oolitic variety already mentioned.

THE JEWELL CAVERN.

By barometrical measurement the entrance to Jewell's cavern is 1,999 feet above the level of the sea, and it is about 50 feet above the level of the adjacent river. The crest of the hill is between 300 and 400 feet high. The surrounding country is broken into hills and hollows. Thanks are due to Scientific American for the above illustration and description of this natural attraction in West Virginia.

Notes and Comments.

Among the interesting and successful recent inventions is a rolling mill for producing sheet metal direct from the molten state, instead of rolling it from a billet or bar. A machine of this character has been at work for several months at the can factory in Maywood, near Chicago.

The Railroad Gazette calls attention to a double locomotive for the Indian state railways which is a novel departure from the common practice. The design is really a permanent double header; that is, it is intended for use when the conditions are such as to require the use of two locomotives of the ordinary type, continually in tandem. This arrangement removes the necessity for two tenders, and renders easier the transmission of signals from one cab to another

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Some Ingenious and Catching Fancies in House Decoration.

A drapery both quaint and artistic, which may be used for doors, or on the upper parts of windows to cover stained glass, or as a lambrequin, is described by Decorator and Furnisher. It is made of seine, a fishing rod used in place of a cornice pole; the edges of the seine is finished with a cord of heavy rope; tackle and blocks are used for draping, the rope being fastened to a hook in the center of a coil of rope measuring 10 to 15 inches in diameter, which is fastened to the corner of the doorway or window. It should be arranged in folds across the top and then allowed to hang from one side.

The cattail cord is a new idea in applique work, noted by the same journal. It is in imitation of the popular summer shrub, so much in demand for decorations. When this is tacked to a pretty fabric for a background, it is a unique piece of adornment. It may be used for mantle falls, lambrequins, chair valances, etc.

Another novelty is an imitation of wooden fret work, consisting of a regular wooden frame inclosing interlaced silken cords, closely imitating the style and appearance of woodwork. This, while not so expensive as woodwork, is much more attractive and catching, as it admits of a great variety of coloring, and is something which the amateur with no great amount of skill may accomplish.

Reglet sticks, which the printers use to fill up spaces in making up their forms, make admirable lattice work.

These strips are smooth, thin strips of cherry and pine of various widths and thickness three feet long. They are pretty used each by itself or alternately, according to the space they fill. A little ingenuity in weaving them back and forth, in squares, diamonds, or a combination of both, a hammer and paper of long finishing nails being all that is needed. Transoms over doors and windows are filled in with lattice, as well as the side lights of a hall door, or the lower panels of a window where it is desired to have the light and yet to be screened from observation. Corner cupboards and doors to old book cases present good opportunities for this work.

Cutting Glass with Scissors.

To know how to cut glass with scissors may prove convenient at times, and the following from Pottery Gazette tells how it may be done: The glass must be kept quite level in the water while the scissors are applied; and, to avoid risk, it is better to perform the cutting by taking off small pieces at the corners and along the edges, and to reduce the shape gradually to that required. The softer glasses cut the best, and the scissors need not be very sharp.

A Decorative Hand Screen.

Gild the handle, the oak sprays, etc., of the palm leaf fan; then cut the silk square in half and join it up the middle, so that it forms an oblong strip; round off the two top corners and sew it to the palm leaf, putting the seam to the middle of the leaf, and keeping the silk plain all around the edge; gather it full at the top of the handle, and arrange the two bottom corners into a pretty knot or bow, from under which start your largest spray of oak leaves, as shown in the cut.

AN EFFECTIVE HAND SCREEN.

Use a good many acorns and do not press the leaves down too flat, for they are tough and will not easily break. Sew these decorations firmly on with gold colored silk, and use glue only for the points of the leaves. This screen is quickly made, and the cost of materials is but a trifle. It is decorative, and being light is pleasant to use.

Smelts Fried in French Style.

Smelts are fried in French style as follows: Carefully wipe two pounds of cleaned smelts with a dry cloth; dip them in milk, then roll in finely powdered cracker crumbs, next in an egg beaten with a saltspoonful of salt and a quarter of a saltspoonful of pepper, and then again in cracker crumbs; fry them in enough smoking hot fat to cover them, until they are golden brown. Take them from the fat with a skimmer, lay them on a napkin or a piece of paper to absorb all fat, and serve them laid in rows with a few quarters of lemon on the side of the dish.

Rhubarb and Ginger Preserve.

Rhubarb and ginger preserve may be new to some of the housekeepers. Here is the recipe: Skin and cut up a sufficient quantity of rhubarb, not too young. Weigh it, and to every pound of rhubarb allow three-quarters of a pound of sugar. Put together and let stand over night. Next day put it in the preserving kettle, adding some sliced ginger root. Boil one hour. This makes an excellent preserve, the ginger giving just the flavor required to rhubarb, which is apt to be rather insipid alone.

Charlotte Russe.

Dissolve one ounce of isinglass in a tumbler of water; add three tumblers of new milk. Boil slowly till reduced to one-third (fifteen minutes). Beat the yolks of six eggs with one cup of fine sugar; pour the infusion on to the eggs and sugar and return to the stove. Stir it till it begins to thicken, then stir in the whites of the eggs. When cold whip a pint of cream to a froth and add it and flavor with vanilla. Line a dish with sponge cake and pour the above over it.

Mayonnaise Dressing.

Mix one even teaspoonful of mustard, one teaspoonful of salt and a teaspoonful and a half of vinegar. Add the yolk of an egg, beat all well together, then add gradually half a pint of olive oil. Pour the oil in a fine stream, beating the mixture rapidly meanwhile. More vinegar or lemon juice may be used if necessary to make it of the right consistency. A large bowl—two quarts—is most convenient for mixing this dressing.

Preserving the Color of Flowers.

A process of preserving the colors of flowers in dried specimens, as used in Berlin, consists in steeping the plants in a solution of sulphurous acid containing one-fourth of its volume of methylated spirit. Delicate flowers require an immersion of five or ten minutes, and thick leaves as much as twenty-four hours. They are then removed, the fluid allowed to evaporate and the plants are dried between paper in the usual way.

Fruit Stains on Table Linen.

To remove fruit stains from table linen pour boiling water on chloride of lime, in the proportion of one gallon to a quarter of a pound, bottle it, cork it well, and in using be careful not to stir it. Lay the stain in this for a moment, then apply white vinegar and boil the table linen.

QUIET CHUCKLES.

The Cat (on the outside of the milk can)—You seem to be enjoying yourself in there. The Fish—Yes, after a fashion. But what makes the water this whitish color?—Life.

Wife—Tom, I must have some money to pay what I owe at the hair store. I owe for a skeleton bang, and a switch, and a— Husband—Clara, spare me the hair-owing details.—Texas Siftings.

Teacher—Tommy, what is the memory? Tommy—It is the faculty—the faculty—"That's right. Go on." "It is the faculty with which—with which we forget things."—From the German, in Texas Siftings.

Driver—One of my 'oses is worry queer this morning, sir. Mr. Mesk—Indeed, which one? Driver—The off 'un. Mr. Mesk—The orphan! Ah, perhaps the poor animal is thinking of its parents!—Funny Folks.

Tubbs (recounting his experience at a musicale a few evenings previous)—They did not even ask me to sing. Miss Whitelye (placidly)—You're sung there before, haven't you? Tubbs—Yes, once; why? Miss W.—Oh, nothing.—Columbia Spectator.

His Expectations Aroused.

Policeman (to newly arrived Hibernian, who has been standing for an hour in above position)—Come, move on, now!

"Divil a shtep'll I move till I see the size of the man that handles that pick!"—Life.

A "Piscuous" Man.

One day an old fellow from the Cedar Bluff neighborhood came into the office of The Franklin (Ky.) Patriot and said that he wanted to see the editor on mighty important business.

"I am the editor," said a man, stepping forward.

"My name is Allbright," the visitor remarked; "Luke P. Allbright."

"Glad to meet you, Mr. Allbright. What can I do for you?"

"Wall, I sent here the other day and had some funeral tickets struck off fur my wife."

"I hope the job suited you, sir."

"Wall, yes, the job was all right, but it turned out that my wife wa'n't dead."

"Ah!"

"Yes, sh. I had dun paid for the tickets and was about to send them out when the old lady come to. So you see I ain't got no use for the tickets."

"Of course not."

"And I 'lowed that I mout get you to take 'em back."

"Why, my dear sir, I can't do that."

"Wall, but you see they ain't no use to me. Wouldn't like to send out a lot of funeral tickets for my wife when she's in fa'r health, with an average appetite. It wouldn't look exactly right, you know."

"That's all very well, but I don't want them."

"Wall, send me yo' paper one year fur them, anyway."

"No, sir; I won't do that."

"Wall, then, my six mouths."

"No, I won't—won't sent it to you ten minutes."

"Now here, mister, I'm out $1.40 on you. I tell you what, take me to dinner with you and we'll call it square."

"It's square already so far as I am concerned."

"I have seen a good many men, Mister Editor, but you air the most piscuous fellow I ever struck. Good day. If I ever ketch you out in my neighborhood I'll walker you."—Arkansaw Traveler.

Harder Than Flint.

Last week the state geologist received by express a peculiar stone, in general formation rather porous, but harder than anything in the museum. It was cut open by a skillful lapidary and subjected to various tests, when it was discovered to be one of those sponge tips to a mucilage bottle, warranted to keep perfectly soft and moist and always ready for use. I sent it to the geologist "ourself." They are handy things. When you can't get the mucilage to run through them—which is on the morning of the third day—you can use them to cut glass with. And if you stick a hickory handle in them before they petrify they make the best stone hammers you ever hit a bowlder with.—Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

Science Hints.

Layman—I understand that you have devoted your life to the study of disease germs.

Great Scientist (proudly)—I have.

Layman—Have you found a remedy for any of them?

Great Scientist—Well, no; but I have succeeded in finding good long names for them all.—New York Weekly.

Preparing for Emergencies.

The Grocer—Good morning, Mr. Oatcake. What brings you back to the city so soon?

Farmer Oatcake—Waal, I'm going to have a good many more summer boarders than I expected, so you might send me ten more cases o' canned vegetables!—Life.

The Only Solution.

"I'm so indignant that I cannot properly express myself!" cried the speaker.

"Then put a stamp on yourself and go by mail," was the unsympathetic response.—Harper's Bazar.

The Exception That Proved the Rule.

She—All extremely bright men are awfully conceited anyway.

He—Oh, I don't know; I'm not.—Harvard Lampoon.

She Talked Differently.

My love was a maiden once fair to see,
But now she's a doctor of high degree;
She was once as sweet as a maid could be,
And this is the way that she talked to me:
"Yes, dearest Charley, I long to see
The day when your proud little wife I'll be
Your love is the sunshine of life to me!"
Oh, a dear little womanly maid was she

Three years I waited at her decree,
As happy as mortal on earth could be;
Then I called at her "office" my love to see.
And this is the way that she talked to me:
"Levator labii superioris,
Her a tertia, et anchylosis,
Rhodal digiti, splenic cirrhosis
Chorea, hallux, aortic thrombosis,
Adductorfindhum, sphenoid et antrum,
Hernia, catalysis, hystero-tantrum,
Thoracic expansion and forced respiration,
Gouty diathesis. Likewise amputation!"

Ten minutes I sat ere I rose to flee
As near insane as a man could be;
I breathed one word, it began with d,
And then in plain English, "Good night," said she.

My love was a maiden once fair to see,
But now she's a doctor of high degree;
And an old maid doctor she'll always be
If she talks to all as she talked to me.
—New York Sun.

and I've come to stay with you. Some few have abused me because they would not heed my plea to

READ DIRECTIONS

But the majority of you have been kind and attentive, ready to

LISTEN AND LEARN,

and for their sake I forgive the inconsiderate few, and repeat

"I'LL STAY WITH YOU."

AND YOU, ONE AND ALL WILL STAND BY

Wolff's ACME Blacking

the most perfect Blacking for men, women and children, of this enlightened century.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philada.

LONG LIFE

There is nothing in the world more generally desired than long life, yet the majority of people put off caring for their health—not because they are really careless, but because we live our lives at such a pace we have not time to give the subject sufficient thought until we receive a reminder in the shape of a severe illness.

Then, too, we are constantly bewildered by the various schools of medicine, and the physicians who represent them, and often blunder in our choice of a doctor.

If people only knew that the very best health-keeper, life-preserver, and disease-preventer that has yet been discovered, is simmered down into a concentrated and very palatable form in the shape of New Style Pleasant Taste Vinegar Bitters, they would not hesitate a moment to try it.

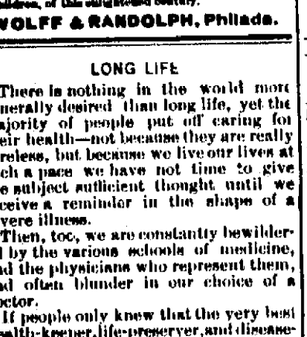
But they do not know. How can they know, when so many not only worthless, but positively injurious drugs are constantly flooding the market under various names guises, that the New Style Vinegar Bitters is as bad as any of them?

They do not know, of course, unless they have the courage to try the New Style. It straightens out a tangled-up system in a very short while, and those who buy it once buy it always.

Why don't you try it, reader? It is sent out by a responsible house, and is exactly as represented. It costs but a dollar for a very large bottle. Try it once and you will never be so glad of anything in your life. Your druggist may not have it, but he will order it for you. Be sure it says New Style Pleasant Taste on carton and bottle before you take it. Try it, and you will feel happier than if you had found a gold mine, for it really is a mine—of health.

Free from alcohol and opium; composed of expensive herbs and roots, with a fine, delicate flavoring.

Send for a beautiful book free.



R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO.,
Cor. Washington & Charlton Sts.,
NEW YORK CITY.

The **D&C** TO MACKINAC

SUMMER TOURS.
PALACE STEAMERS. LOW RATES.

Four Trips per Week Between
DETROIT, MACKINAC ISLAND
Petoskey, Sault Ste. Marie, and Lake Superior Way Ports.

Every Week Day Between
DETROIT AND CLEVELAND
Special Sunday Trips during June, July, August and Sept.

Double Daily Line Between
CHICAGO AND ST. JOSEPH, MICH.

OUR ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLETS
Rates and Excursion Tickets will be furnished by your Ticket Agent, or address
E. B. WHITCOMB, G. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.
Detroit and Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in **NEW YORK**

CHICAGO & ATLANTIC RAILWAY

With its Pullman Built Equipment, Substantially Constructed Roadway and Low Rates of Fare, Insures a Safe, Speedy and Economical Journey to All Points East and West. Write to your nearest railway agent for the

Attractive Low Rates

Via this line.

TIME TABLE, Taking Effect June 2, 1889.

EASTWARD.

	No. 8.	No. 16.	No. 12.	No. 18.
Lv. Chicago	10.00a	8.45a	7.30p	5.25p
" Archer Avenue	10.10	8.55	7.39	5.35
" Englewood	10.20	9.15	7.50	6.05
" Hammond	11.00	9.45	8.30	6.40
" Crown Point	.....	10.19	8.50	7.15
" Kouts	.....	11.01	.....	7.58
" North Judson	.....	11.31	*9.57	8.35
" Rochester	1.15a	12.25a	11.01	
" Akron	.....	1.02	*11.23	
" Newton	1.51	1.25	11.48	No. 10
" Bolivar	.....	1.52	.....	
" Huntington	2.50	2.37	12.25a	5.25a
" Kingsland	.....	3.19	.....	*6.15
" Decatur	3.18	3.50	1.19	6.52
" Enterprise	.....	4.26	1.50	7.40
" Spencerville	.....	4.36	2.14	8.21
" Lima	4.25	5.58	2.36	8.55
" Preston	.....	6.55	.....	*9.40
" Kenton	5.00	6.30	3.25	10.22
Ar. Marion	5.35	7.30	4.10	11.00
" New York	5.00		7.00	
" Boston	10.10		12.40	

WESTWARD.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 17.
Lv. New York		8.00	8.00	
" Boston		8.00	8.00	
Lv. Marion	8.05	11.20	12.55	3.15
" Kenton	8.50	12.10	1.35	4.30
" Preston	9.17	.....	.....	*5.14
" Lima	9.45	1.05	2.19	5.55
" Spencerville	10.14	.....	.....	6.40
" Enterprise	10.45	1.50	3.03	7.26
" Decatur	11.26	2.24	3.30	8.30
" Kingsland	11.58	.....	.....	9.03
" Huntington	1.05a	3.25	4.25	10.00
" Bolivar	1.42	.....	.....	
" Newton	2.51	4.08	4.58	
" Akron	2.22	.....	.....	No. 15
" Rochester	2.48	4.45	5.28	
" North Judson	3.51	.....	.....	8.50
" Kouts	4.25	.....	.....	9.22
" Crown Point	5.16	.....	.....	7.11
" Hammond	6.05	7.25	8.00	7.50
" Englewood	6.39	7.55	8.30	8.20
" Archer Avenue	7.00	8.15	8.50	8.40
Ar. Chicago	7.10	8.25	9.00	8.50

Nos. 8, 12, 16, 3, 5 and 18 daily. Where time is not shown trains do not stop. Nos. 17 and 18 daily except Sunday. * stop on signal. ‡ p.m. 8 a.m.

F. C. DONALD, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago.
T. W. BURROWS, Superintendent, Chicago.

Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo R'y

TIME CARD.

Taking Effect May 12th, 1889.

[Central Time.]

NORTH BOUND.

River Division.	No. 3, daily except Sunday.	No. 7, mixed, daily except Sun
Leave Pomeroy	3.30 p m	5.00 a m
" Gallipolis	4.24 p m	6.45 a m
" McArthur Junct.	5.58 p m	9.00 p m
Hocking Valley Division.	**No. 1, daily**	**No. 5, daily**
Leave Athens	7.00 a m	6.05 p m
" Logan	8.15 a m	7.20 p m
" Lancaster	8.58 a m	8.06 p m
Arrive Columbus	10.15 a m	9.25 p m
Toledo Division.	**No. 1, daily ex. Sund**	**No. 5, daily.**	**No. 9, daily.**
Leave Columbus	10.35 a m	4.00 p m	4.00 p m
" Delaware	11.30 a m	4.58 p m	5.21 p m
" Prospect	11.55 a m	5.18 p m	5.45 p m
" MARION	12.10 p m	5.38 p m	6.05 p m
" Up. Sandusky	1.10 p m	6.30 p m	6.55 p m
" Carey	1.30 p m	6.50 p m	7.15 p m
" Fostoria	2.02 p m	7.22 p m	7.49 p m
Arrive Toledo	3.25 p m	8.40 p m	9.10 p m

SOUTH BOUND.

Toledo Division.	No. 6, daily.	No. 2, daily.	No. 4, daily ex. Sund
Leave Toledo	5.30 p m	5.00 a m	10.55 a m
" Fostoria	6.50 p m	6.30 a m	11.53 a m
" Carey	7.20 p m	6.55 a m	12.30 p m
" Up. Sandusky	7.55 p m	7.30 a m	12.55 p m
" MARION	8.37 p m	8.06 a m	1.33 p m
" Prospect	8.57 p m	8.28 a m	1.54 p m
" Delaware	9.24 p m	8.58 a m	2.20 p m
Arrive Columbus	10.30 p m	9.45 a m	3.15 p m
Hocking Valley Division.	**No. 6, daily**	**No. 4 daily**
Leave Columbus	8.00 a m	4.00 p m
" Lancaster	9.18 a m	5.22 p m
" Logan	10.08 a m	6.20 p m
Arrive Athens	11.15 a m	7.00 p m
River Division.	**No. 6, daily except Sunday.**	**No. 10, mixed, daily except Sun**
Leave McArthur Junct.	12.05 p m	6.30 p m
" Gallipolis	1.41 p m	11.41 p m
Arrive Pomeroy	2.32 p m	1.15 a m

NOTE ON RUNNING OF TRAINS.

Direct connections made in Union Depot at Columbus for Newark, Zanesville, Pittsburg, Wheeling, Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia; also for Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville and all points South and Southwest.

Close connections at Toledo for Detroit and all points in Michigan and Canada.

H. J. PALMERLEE,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Columbus, Ohio.

D. M. CLARK, General Mgr.

FAST TRAINS OVER THE

—FOR—

Buffalo, New York, Boston, Saratoga, Albany and Other Eastern Cities.

The Only Road Running Solid Train to New York.

3 THROUGH TRAINS. 3

—WITH—

Pullman Palace Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Buffet Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Hotel Coaches, Parlor Cars and Elegant Day Coaches.

TIME TABLE ADOPTED June 2, 1889.

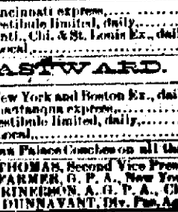
45th Central Time, 60 minutes slower than Columbus Time

Trains depart from Marion, O., as follows

WESTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 1, Cincinnati express	10.50 a.m.
No. 7, Vestibule limited, daily	12.04 p.m.
No. 3, Cinti., Chi. & St. Louis Ex., daily	11.02 p.m.
No. 37, Local	9.20 a.m.
EASTWARD.	**DEPART.**
No. 12, New York and Boston Ex., daily	4.20 a.m.
No. 4, Cincinnati express	12.45 p.m.
No. 8, Vestibule limited, daily	6.20 p.m.
No. 38, Local	2.00 p.m.

Pullman Palace Coaches on all through trains

E. H. THOMAS, Second Vice President.
L. P. PARMER, G. P. A., New York City.
W. C. KINKEDON, A. G. P. A., Cleveland.
W. W. DUNNAVANT, Div. Pas. Ag't, Warren, O.



Cures in 1 to 3 DAYS. Guaranteed not to stricture. Strictly by the Original Method. Gleet, Whites, Unnatural discharges, Inflammation, Irritation or ulceration of bladder, Painful Urination. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

I prescribe and fully endorse Dr. Bye 42 as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease.
O. M. LINGRAHAM, M. D.
Amsterdam, N. Y.

We have sold Dr. Bye 42 for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction.
D. R. DYCHE & CO.
Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Necessarily Reduced!

STRAW HATS,
SEERSUCKERS,
FLANNELS,
Suspenders,
NECKWEAR,
DRESS SHIRTS.

The weather has been against us, the season is late and I have too many straw hats and other summer wear, such as Seersucker Coats and Vests, Flannel Coats and Vests, Light Underwear, etc. I have marked them down to such prices that they will go.

LIGHT UNDERWEAR,
FLANNEL SHIRTS,
Cheviot Shirts,
HALF HOSE,
UMBRELLAS,
RUBBER COATS

SAM OPPENHEIMER,
Conrad Block, North Main Street.

COAL!

L. B. GURLEY, dealer in all kinds of Coal. TO SAVE MONEY buy your winter supply now. Office N. of Jail.

O. W. JOHNSTON & CO.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS
AND BROKERS.
OFFICE OVER MARION CO. BANK.

☞We have some beautiful Residence lots on South street for sale cheap, within one square of Fourth ward school building. Also a few lots on Cummins avenue.

☞Two fine business blocks in Prospect; also elegant home, to trade for Marion property.

☞The James Williams property on south East street for sale; a good bargain if you call at once.

☞$500 to loan on first mortgage. *Four or five houses for rent.* Also few rooms in business block.

☞We are now prepared to offer you three desirable homes on east Center, cheap, all situated between W. Z. Davis' and Dr. Harding's.

☞Best farm in Marion county, situated on Delaware pike, for sale cheap.

☞If you do not see what you want in the above call on

O. W. JOHNSTON & CO.,

STAR OFFICE TELEPHONE NUMBER 51.

Use ——SOAP. Absolutely pure.

—Export beer by the case at English Kitchen.

—Home-grown strawberries fresh every day at Bauer's grocery. 1881f

—Mrs. Solomon Rupp is the guest of relatives near Waldo for a couple of weeks.

—Miss Mattie Grigsby, of Prospect, spent the day with friends in this city, Thursday.

—Frank Keller has gone to make a few weeks' visit with relatives in Catawissa, Pa.

—Mrs. Schill Fogelson and two children are visiting relatives at Wooster for a short time.

—Children's day will be observed at the Christian and German M. E. Churches on Sunday next.

—Miss Zoa Leonard, of LaRue, O., is visiting at the home of Harvey Wilson, on south Main street.

—R. A. Boyd, who has been quite sick at his home on east South street for some time, is now some better.

—Mrs. John Kishler and Mrs. J. C. Johnston drove to Delaware Thursday and spent the day with friends.

—Will Fite has returned home to spend the summer vacation, from Adrian, Mich., where he was attending school.

—Everything in the millinery line nearly at your own price.
1882. BARRON'S BEE HIVE.

CHASE & HUNTER

FOR SALE—A few nice building lots of good size; well drained; near new Huber shops: from $300 to $500.

FOR SALE—Chas. Schnauz's neat residence, on north East street; six rooms, nice lot, good fences, fruit; everything trim and snug.

FOR RENT—Good 7-room house in south part of town; will be vacated July 1st; $10 per month.

—J. W. Harsh was at LaRue on business, today.

—London ale and porter for medical use at the English Kitchen. 1873

—Squire Payne was among those who attended the ball game at Cleveland, Wednesday.

—It will pay you to call at Fenton & Garwood's and see their cheap trimmed millinery. 1882

—Pat Masterson, after a lay off of several days, has sufficiently recovered to resume work at the N. Y. P. and O.

—Miss Louise Winton, of Muncie, Ind., is spending a few days in this city, the guest of Mrs. George Dedrick.

—Miss Laura Peters has returned to her parents' home at Hooker's Station, where she will remain during the summer.

—Mrs. John Franz, formerly of this city, has arrived from Florida, to visit her mother, Mrs. Runyan, on east Center street.

—A limited supply of Smith's elegant strawberries tomorrow. Leave orders early.
MOORE & DEDRICK.

—We are now selling our trimmed hats and bonnets regardless of cost. Call and see them. FENTON & GARWOOD.

—Mrs. B. J. Lohmyer departed for her home in Florida, Wednesday, after a pleasant visit with her sister, Mrs. R. O. Dolsen.

—William Kinsler and Miss Clara Hiner, both of this city, were married Wednesday evening by Rev. Hensley, at his residence on south West street.

—J. B. Wagstaff is spending a week at Cleveland with friends. Abe Mack is in the meantime filling his position as operator at the N. Y. P. and O. office.

—Now is the time to leave your order for strawberries for canning. Special low prices by the bushel.
1821f] THEW & MANZ.

—Reed Wallace left for Fostoria today, where he will join a party of friends and go to Lakeside, where they will spend a few weeks.

—Ed Maloy had a tumor removed from the left side of his neck Thursday morning. Dr. Rhu performed the operation which was highly successful.

—We commence to sell all our millinery goods in trimmed and untrimmed hats and bonnets, flowers, ribbons and trimmings at and below cost. BARRON'S BEE HIVE.

—A festival will be given at the Likens Chapel church, four and a half miles northeast of Marion, on Thursday evening, June 29th. A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to attend.

—On July 3d and 4th, the Chicago and Atlantic railway will sell excursion tickets at one full fare for the round trip. Tickets good returning up to and including July 5th, account of Fourth of July.

—We have a large stock of hats for boys and girls, very cheap, some for 25 cents worth $1.00. A very fine "sailor" with heavy ribbon—75 cents, worth $1.50, new goods. JOHN F. FIELDS.

—On July 3d an 4th the N. Y., L. E. and W. railway will sell excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip, tickets good going only on day of sale and returning not later than July 5th, 1882, on account of the Fourth of July.

—A little daughter, aged 6 years, of Fred Shilling, at Prospect, died Thursday morning while undergoing an operation at the hospital at Cleveland. The remains were brought to Prospect Thursday evening.

—Prof. P. W. Search, supt of the Pueblo, Col., public schools, is in the city, having come east to employ special teachers and visit schools of Chicago, New York, Philadelphia and other cities. Mr. Search will remain in Marion a week or more before going further east.

—Charles E. Wiley, Mr. Richardson's right bower at Hotel Marion, is off for a few days, greeting old friends and college mates at Wooster. Dana Weeks has stepped into Mr. Wiley's place during his absence, and will scalp railroad tickets with as much grace as any body.

—Mrs. E. Huber is the guest of relatives and friends at Oakley, O., for a short time.

—Mayor Jones, of Upper Sandusky, was looking about the city Thursday, and circulating among his friends.

—Bee Line passenger 10 was delayed at this city one hour this morning, by the breaking down of the engine.

—If you don't know what you want to eat, call around in the morning and we will give you a pointer. MOORE & DEDRICK.

—J. B. Mitchell, of the N. Y. P. and O., was in the city Thursday, inspecting the damages done the water tank by the recent fire.

—Miss Stella Merchant, who has been spending a week with friends and attending commencement exercises at Cleveland, returned home Thursday evening.

—We have just opened a large line of Marvin's fine cakes and crackers which for variety and quality cannot help but please you. THEW & MANZ.

—The N. Y. P. and O. have just completed a temporary long siding into the new Huber shops. As soon as the shops are completed a permanent track will be built.

—Davis & Crissinger, attorneys, dissolved partnership May 1st, when their contract expired. Mr. Crissinger is now occupying the prosecuting attorney's office in the Court House.

—Miss Wilda Cummins, aged about 11 years, died at her home at Agosta, Thursday morning, after a brief illness. The funeral took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Mt. Olive church. Rev. Scott officiating.

—Harry Crow entertained a party of about fifteen of his friends Thursday evening, at his father's home on west South street. Refreshments were served and music and various amusements indulged in until a late hour.

—To those who desire to attend the races at Lima, O., the Chicago and Atlantic railroad will sell excursion tickets on June 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th. Tickets good to return up to and including June 29th. Fare for the round trip $2.10.

—In Freeland's west window is a massive gold frame, there is an oil painting by Mrs. Richard Fahey, which is elegant and beautiful, while in the east window is one by Miss Leonard, showing the Rocky Mountains in their immense wild grandeur.

—Tomorrow Thew & Manz will have fresh blackberries, red and black raspberries, new apples, peaches, tomatoes, gooseberries, cherries, red plums, wax beans, peas, cucumbers, home grown strawberries, etc. All orders left with them will be filled satisfactory and delivered promptly.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Seffner gave a dinner party to about thirty of their friends on Thursday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Seffner entertained very pleasantly and served a dinner that could not be excelled. The inviting lawn and verandas attracted the guests out to enjoy the delightful summer evening and the time passed very enjoyably.

—The Episcopal rectory on east Center street was the scene of a pleasing incident Thursday evening. Mr. Enos B. Shively and Miss Mary Weber, both of this city, were united in holy matrimony by the use of the appropriate and solemn service of the Episcopal church, conducted by the Rector, Rev. W. Lucas. Mr. Ubreck, of Delaware, acted as groomsman and Miss Weber, sister of the bride, as bridesmaid. May health, long life and success be granted to the young couple.

Prohibition Celebration.

The Prohibitionists of Marion and adjoining counties will hold a grand celebration and basket picnic at Normal park, east Marion, on the 4th of July, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. The programme will consist of good music, orations, recitations and addresses by both foreign and home talent. Hon. R. S. Thompson, of Springfield, and Mrs. R. J. Trego, of Delaware, Ohio, are expected to be present. Everybody is cordially invited. Bring your baskets well filled and bring the children, and let us celebrate the anniversary of our nation's birth in a manner becoming an intelligent christian people. By arrangements with Prof. Yale the college buildings will be thrown open in case of rain.

By order of Committee.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.
Showers, warmer, followed by slightly cooler weather, winds becoming northwesterly.

Dress Goods DEPARTMENT!

One Lot of 36-Inch Scotch Mixtures in New Shades at 33 Cents Per Yard; Actual Value, 45 Cents.

Warner & Edwards.

WHITE **Dress Goods!**

India Linens,
Persian Lawns,
Bulgaria Lawns.

HEMMED STITCHED FLOUNCINGS! —IN— Beautiful Patterns.

Warner & Edwards.

W. S. BOWERS'
FOR BARGAINS IN
FINE SHOES & SLIPPERS!
Corner Main and Center Sts.

Bottom Dropped Out of the **COAL BIN!** —BUT— **SIMON D'WOLF** Is on top of the pile, and selling **COAL!** As CHEAP as the CHEAPEST —AND AS— GOOD as the BEST.

THEY SKIPPED OUT.

Jim McWherter Deserts His Wife and Leaves With Libbie Huntsman.

Jim McWherter and Miss Libbie Huntsman are reported among the missing, they having left Thursday evening, via the C., H. V. and T. north.

For some time the domestic happiness of McWherter and his wife has been disturbed, and until recently they have not been living together. Lately he applied to his wife and persuaded her that it would be better for them to leave the town, for some place where they were unknown, and where they could dwell happily together. After some argument she consented and they made ready to leave the city Thursday morning, and he went to the depot to make arrangements for their departure. The hours of the day passed swiftly and as Jim did not put in an appearance by evening it dawned upon her that she had been forsaken and he had fled. Upon inquiry she learned of his departure in company with the Huntsman woman. He left her penniless, having taken about $12.50 which belonged to her. The Upper Sandusky authorities were notified of the runaway couple and they were found staying in that city. Mrs. McWherter intends beginning proceedings against them, but as yet no steps have been taken.

WANTS HEAVY DAMAGES.

W. M. Gabler, Who Was Whipped at Prospect, Sues his Persecutors for Damages.

William H. Gabler, who became conspicuous as the victim of a whipping at the hands of unmasked Prospect White Caps, Sunday night last, has begun suit against his persecutors for the sum of ten thousand dollars, damages which he alleges to have sustained at their hands.

The petition, which is written in the plain and distinct chirography of his attorney, H. T. VanFleet, states that Peter Sells, Joseph Sells, Benj. Sells, Pearl Sells, Wm. Ellsman, Chas. Williams, Frank Kline, Henry Kline, Fenton Ready, Burt Hilford and William Rhoads entered into a conspiracy to unlawfully and riotously assault the plaintiff, whereby he was injured in character and given mental and bodily pain to the tune of $10,000.

Mr. VanFleet informs us that criminal proceedings will also be begun against the assailants of Gabler.

Will Journey to Cleveland.

Jake Wilt and Mary Miller are again in trouble. Mary was released from the city prison Thursday, by the payment of a fine and costs, and Jake immediately procured a horse and buggy with which to drive about the city and celebrate her release. After driving about a short time and attracting considerable attention, and both being intoxicated, a dispute arose between them when they reached the N. Y., P. and O. crossing in West Marion. They decided to fight it out, which resulted in Jake pitching her from the buggy. He then managed to turn the horse in such a manner as to run over her and drove off. The woman lay in an unconscious condition for some time, when the police were notified and she was brought to the city prison. She placed a charge of assault and battery against Jake but this morning it was changed, and both plead guilty to a charge of being drunk and disorderly. Mayor Galley fined both of them $14.65 and sentenced them to thirty days in the workhouse.

Fourth of July.

The general excursion arrangement on the C., C., C. and I. railroad for July 4th, 1882, to and from all stations, are as follows: All persons presenting full fare one way local tickets purchased and dated July 3d or 4th, will be permitted to return on the same, without extra charge, until the 5th inclusive. For full information as to time of trains, etc., call on E. A. Dombaugh, agent, Marion.

TRISTRAM & YOUNG,
BOOTS & SHOES,
Main Street, opposite C. H., Marion, O.

HANDSOME LINE —OF— BABY **SHOES.**

SUMMER RUBBERS.
Light Weight Toe Rubbers.
Newports, Sandals,
—FOR—
High and Low Heeled Shoes.

Tristram & Young.

ONE OF A SERIES OF PICTURES REPRESENTING COFFEE CULTURE. WATCH FOR THE NEXT.

SCENE ON A COFFEE PLANTATION —CONTROLLED BY— **CHASE & SANBORN.**
OUR COFFEES HAVE A NATIONAL REPUTATION REPRESENTING THE FINEST GROWN.

SEAL BRAND COFFEE JAVA and MOCHA, surpassing all others in its richness and delicacy of flavor. Justly called **The Aristocratic Coffee of America.** Always packed whole roasted (unground) in 2 lb. air-tight tin cans.

CRUSADE BLEND A skilful blending of strong, fine very and aromatic high grade coffees. Warranted not to contain a single Rio bean, and guaranteed to suit your taste as no other coffee will, at a moderate price. Always packed whole roasted (unground), in 1 lb. air-tight parchment packages.

TEST FREE We are exclusively an importing house, selling only to dealers. But to give consumers an opportunity of testing our famous coffee before buying, we will, upon receipt of 6 cents in stamps to cover the cost of can and postage, send *free by mail a 1-4 pound of Seal Brand Coffee.* Address
CHASE & SANBORN, 87 BROAD ST., BOSTON, MASS.
SOLD BY
M. NELSON & SON,
AGENTS,
HOTEL MARION BLOCK.

MERCHANT TAILORING.
Williams & Leffler,
—THE LEADING—
MERCHANT TAILORS
ARE NOW SHOWING THEIR
Spring & Summer Goods.
A PERFECT FIT AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
PRICES REASONABLE!

ALL KINDS OF
LUMBER CHEAP,
—AT—
PRENDERGASTS'.

H. SCHAFFNER IS OFFERING A CHOICE LINE OF NOVELTIES IN **FURNITURE!**
Including Farey ROCKERS, DIVANS, SECRETARIES, TABLES, etc., besides his large line of **General Furniture,** at prices that are sure to please.
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ADVERTISE IN THE STAR,
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BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM
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MARION COUNTY.

Tourists,

Whether on pleasure bent or business, should take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50c and $1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

Fourth of July Excursion Rates.

On July 3d and 4th, the C. H. V. and T. railway will sell local excursion tickets to all points on its lines at one fare for the round trip; children over 5 and under 12 years of age, one half the adult rate. Tickets good returning until July 5th.

Marion Light Guards.

The members of the independent military company adopted constitution and by-laws Thursday night, and adopted the name of the Marion Light Guards. Officers and staff will be elected at a meeting next Monday night.

For Sale.

Four lots left in Darfee & Hammer's addition. Also house and lot on Bain avenue. See Bright Darfee, office with Scofield & Scofield. 1833x2

SYRUP of FIGS

Presents in the most elegant form THE LAXATIVE AND NUTRITIOUS JUICE —OF THE— FIGS OF CALIFORNIA,
Combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming an agreeable and effective laxative to permanently cure Habitual Constipation, and the many ills depending on a weak or inactive condition of the
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.
It is the most excellent remedy known to
CLEANSE THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY
When one is Bilious or Constipated
—SO THAT— **PURE BLOOD, REFRESHING SLEEP, HEALTH and STRENGTH** NATURALLY FOLLOW.
Every one is using it and all are delighted with it.
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR **SYRUP OF FIGS**
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WHAT TO DO IN EMERGENCIES.

In Case of Accident It Is Well to Know What Is Here Said.

What to do in cases of emergency is an important subject, and information on it should be either committed to memory or else so placed as to be easily available in time of need.

Burns of the eye by calcium or lime are not very common, yet it is useful to know how to treat them. In the event of lime getting into the eye or around the front of the eyelids it is well to remember, until the arrival of medical attendance, that in no case must water be used. Washing with vinegar will neutralize the caustic properties of the lime, and any fractional bits may afterwards be removed by the use of a feather or camel's-hair brush lightly applied, or if neither is at hand, by linen folded to a point. Acute inflammation of the eye must be looked for after such an accident. Even with immediate medical aid the eye may be much damaged, but without it the organ may be sacrificed.

I would like to call attention to a remedy which possesses such wonderful therapeutic powers in the cure of almost all known wounds that it deserves a place in every household. It is called iodoform and comes in the form of a powder. It has no equal in the cure of chronic sores or ulcers, as well as cuts and wounds of all kinds. Its value as a remedy has been somewhat impeded by its odor, which is the only objectionable feature about it, but for the sake of a speedy cure this can be tolerated. It is used in all hospitals throughout the world and recommended by the medical profession in every land. It is an ingredient of all ulcer ointments nowadays. It is best used in conjunction with some vehicle, such as vaseline in the proportion of one drachm of iodoform to one and a half ounces of vaseline. It is well to have it carefully and prominently marked "Poison, for external use only." Use it by spreading upon lint and bandage it to the wound twice a day. When removing and before applying a fresh bandage, wash the wound thoroughly with warm water and soap.

As we are often placed in positions requiring assistance and, perhaps, thrown upon our own resources, the following may be impressed upon the memory to advantage:

If scalded, plunge the part in water. This relieves pain instantly and gives time for thought and composure.

An insect in the ear may be drowned out with tepid water or killed by a few drops of sweet oil.

If anything hard gets into the ear, double a stout horse hair, place the head on one side and drop the loop into the ear, move it about until it catches the object and then draw it out.

In cases of poisonous bite suck the wound instantly, unless the mouth is sore.

If the throat burns after swallowing a poison drink sweet oil. If you are falling asleep from a poison drink half a glass of water into which has been stirred a teaspoonful each of salt and common table mustard, and, after vomiting, drink the strongest coffee and keep in motion until perfectly awake. After any poison swallow one or two raw eggs.

If smoke is suffocating you fall on the floor and crawl out on your hands and knees.

In cases of insensibility, in which there is loud snoring, the person is seized with apoplexy. Raise the head, remove pressure from the neck. If the face is pale and the breathing very low, it is a case of fainting. Place the body perfectly level and lower the head. The patient will promptly revive. Nothing else is necessary.

Always remember that if you have health don't meddle with it, avoid doctoring and drugs until a real necessity for their use arises.—Cor. New York News.

Carnegie's Library.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie's library is a suite of four rooms. One of these is a bathroom, where Mr. Carnegie can cool off an enthusiasm in a moment, or reinvigorate himself with a convenient athletic machine. Another small room is for a secretary. Here the habitable universe is suspended in maps, any spot of which can be immediately unfolded for the owner's inspection. The fourth room is a luxuriously curtained alcove, overlooking the rear of the Cornelius Vanderbilt house, and across the way to ex-Secretary Whitney's portal. The library proper, a large room in the center of these, has been decorated by the Associated artists. The part of the decorators is seen in the harmonious impression of golden brown color.—New York Star.

How a Frog Utilizes a Turtle.

At Heublein's restaurant on Mulberry street a large green turtle and a frog are inmates of the fountain tank. A frog cannot always remain under water, and there is no chance for the fellow in question to reach a landing place on the side of the tank. But he has discovered that the top of the turtle's back is out of water except when the turtle dives. So he mounts the back and rides around the tank with an air of owning the whole business. When the turtle goes under he swims around until the back comes to the surface again, when he again mounts and continues the trip.—Hartford Courant.

Good Manners.

Good manners must have a solid foundation in kindness and self control. To be genuine, they must be the fruit of sincerity and good feeling, and their exercise must be in conformity with the working of these qualities in the heart. No art can successfully counterfeit true elegance of manners and deportment. To be real they must have roots deep below the surface in the soul and heart.—Boston Saturday Evening Gazette.

How It Happened.

Very tall to very bow legged man—Great Scott! Did you learn to walk too young, or what?

Bow Legged Man—Stranger, I warped my legs stooping down to avoid long legged bores who ask questions.—Judge.

A Horse's Broken Heart.

The emotional life of the horse is remarkable. There are instances on record where the death of the horse has been traced directly to grief. One instance is called to mind which occurred more than twenty years ago. A circus had been performing in the little town of Unionville, Pa., when one of the trained horses sprained one of his legs so that he could not travel. He was taken to the hotel and put in a box stall. The leg was bandaged and he was made as comfortable as possible. He ate his food and was apparently contented until about midnight, when the circus began moving out of town. Then he became restless and cramped and whined. As the caravan moved past the hotel he seemed to realize that he was being deserted, and his anxiety and distress became pitiful. He would stand with his ears pricked in an attitude of intense listening, and then as his ears caught the sounds of the retiring wagons he would rush, as best he could with his injured leg, from one side of the stall to the other, pushing at the door with his nose and making every effort to escape.

The stableman, who was a stranger to him, tried to soothe him, but to no purpose. He would not be comforted. Long after all sounds of the circus had ceased his agitation continued. The sweat poured from him in streams and he quivered in every part of his body. Finally the stableman went to the house, woke up the proprietor and told him he believed the horse would die if some of the circus horses were not brought back to keep him company. At about daylight the proprietor mounted a horse and rode after the circus. He overtook it ten or twelve miles away, and the groom who had charge of the injured horse returned with him. When they reached the stable the horse was dead. The stableman said that he remained for nearly an hour perfectly still and with every sense apparently strained to the utmost tension and then, without making a sign, fell and died with scarcely a struggle.—Western Sportsman.

"Oll Korrect."

Moses Folsom, of Port Townsend, sends the following sketch of the origin of the use of the letters "O. K.," which, he states, was furnished him personally by James Parton:

While at Nashville in search of material for his history, Mr. Parton found among the records of the court of which Gen. Jackson had been judge a great many legal documents indorsed "O. K.," which meant "Order recorded," but often so scrawlingly written that one could easily read it as O. K. If "Major Downing" noticed a bundle of legal papers thus marked upon President Jackson's table, documents, perhaps, from his former court, in which he still had interest, it is very easy to see how a punster could imagine it to be "O. K." or "oll korrect."

No doubt Seba Smith, who wrote under the nom de plume of "Major Jack Downing," had much to do with creating the impression that President Jackson was unlettered and illiterate, whereas many existing personal letters, military reports, court opinions and state papers show to the contrary. He lived before the day of stenographers and typewriters, and yet carried on a voluminous correspondence. Hundreds of his personal letters to old soldier friends are still preserved as heirlooms in the south, and his handiwork is numerous in Washington. He was evidently a rapid penman, and made greater use of capital letters than is the present custom, but misspelled words and stumbling sentences were few and far between.—Portland Oregonian.

A Famous Betrothal Over Forty Years Ago.

"I wonder how many people know that Victoria the Good, as it has been suggested the queen of England shall be called, when she fell in love had to do the proposing for herself?" said an Americanized Englishman the other morning.

"I was much interested in reading recently the account of her betrothal. It had always been expected that she and her cousin Albert would eventually make a match of it. When they were both about 18 years old he visited England, but did not make much impression on the newly crowned queen. However, three years later he made up his mind to a 'now or never' game, and with his brother visited her at Windsor castle. Like more humble lovers, he was placed in a rather embarrassing predicament by the non-arrival of his luggage, and was thus prevented from dining with her majesty on his first evening as her guest. For five days did Victoria study him, and then after first telling her adviser, Lord Melbourne, what she had decided to do, she sent for Albert, saying that she desired to see him particularly. One account of the affair, certainly valuable for its brevity, reads as follows: 'What the queen told him was that she loved him with her whole heart, and that she desired to be his wife.' She was accepted without hesitation, as any good looking sovereign of 20 might have hoped to have been, and so they were married."—Philadelphia Press.

The Weight of Individuals.

The average weight of a boy at birth is seven and that of a girl a little more than six pounds. When they have attained the full development of man or womanhood they should weigh twenty times as much as they did at birth. This would make a man's average weight 140 and a woman's about 125. The height of a male at birth is 1 foot 8 inches and that of a female 1 foot 6 inches. Fully grown, a man's height should be about three and a half times greater than at birth, or 5 feet 9 inches, while a woman should be 5 feet 3 inches. The weight of individuals who are fully developed and well formed, however, varies within extremes, which are nearly as 1 to 2, while their height varies within limits which at most are as 1 to 1-3. Taking 200 pounds as the maximum of man's weight and 85 as the minimum we would have the average of 142½ pounds. Placing the maximum weight of woman at 187 pounds and the minimum at 70 pounds, and we get an average of 127½ pounds.—Philadelphia Record.

A REMARKABLE CAREER.

HOW A SLAVE ACQUIRED HIS FREEDOM AND HIS WEALTH.

A Georgia Negro Bought Himself, Became Wealthy and Then Failed—He Was a Useful Citizen and Had the Friendship of All—A Tale of Slavery Times.

Here is the story of the life of Solomon Humphries, a most remarkable negro, who lived in Macon during the pioneer days of the town, and who was in his day not only the wealthiest negro in the south, but commanded the respect and esteem of all the white people.

Sol belonged to a rich planter, one of the old time sort, who lived in Jones county, which adjoins this. Being allowed more privileges than the other hands, and having more intelligence than the average negro, Sol managed to make an odd "thrip," and every one was laid up for the purpose of purchasing his freedom.

This was done in 1825, two years after Macon was made a town, and, with a nest egg of money given to him by his kind master, he came to Macon and opened a little store on the east side of the river, that being really the town in those days. Although he could neither read nor write he was a natural mathematician, working his sums mentally. His politeness, neatness and good business habits soon began to have good effect, and he became one of the largest merchants in the country.

"SOL" IN BUSINESS.

In those days there were no steamboats here, and freight was brought up the river on flat towboats from Darien, then an important seaport. These boats were manned by negroes, six on a side, who handled the oars with singular skill. When they neared the bend in the river near Macon these dozen hands would strike up with a song, and on a still clear night the musical strains from these loud lunged singers came floating over the water as sweetest music. They would remain here a few days to unload the goods for the merchants, and then return to Darien with some four to five hundred bags of cotton on each boat. The bulk of the goods and cotton belonged to Solomon Humphries.

After a few years of successful business Sol began to take life easy. He purchased a place of ten acres near town and erected thereon a fine home. The gentlemen who went by on their hunting trips never failed to stop and get some of Sol's buttermilk. His house was always open to his white friends, and frequently he gave dinners that were really royal feasts. At these dinners Sol was never known to sit at the table. The guests were seated and it was Sol's pleasure to wait on the table. The dignitaries of the state broke bread with him, and one who was the most frequent visitor and enjoyed Sol's hospitality the most was the late Governor Charles J. McDonald, between whom and Sol a great friendship existed. According to the laws of Georgia at that time a free negro was compelled to have a trustee, and McDonald, who was then the first solicitor general of this circuit, afterward judge and then governor, held the position of trustee for Sol.

On one occasion, when Sol was on his way north to purchase goods, he was arrested in Charleston as a fugitive, and was lodged in jail, in spite of his entreaties, to wait until his trustee could be communicated with. That was before the days of telegraphy, and mails were slower than now. There was Sol, whose credit was good in New York for $50,000 and in Macon for as much more, penned up in the jail at Charleston as a runaway negro. Governor McDonald lost no time in forwarding the proper certificates and the message that if it was necessary he would go on to Charleston and certify to his being free in person. He was then released and proceeded on his way to New York, being careful not to come back by way of Charleston.

BECOMES VERY RICH AND BUYS A WIFE.

Sol's trade grew larger and larger. In 1833, when steamboats began to run on the Ocmulgee river, the consignments to him were larger than those of any other merchant. In 1838 he married. His wife's name was "Patsey," and she was also purchased by him. She was a member of the Presbyterian church in Macon, and worshiped with the whites. So great was the respect in which she was held by the pastor and members that she was admitted to the communion table, and though she was a negro, living in the south where slavery was rampant, she was shown every respect and kindness by her white friends. But with all this there never was a time when "Patsey" or Sol attempted to overstep the bounds. Sol became a member of the church, and every Sunday morning the pair could be seen in their pew in the little church, presenting rather a strange picture to the northerner who came south.

Several citizens of Macon, both of wealth and enterprise, attained their early business education as clerks from Sol Humphries. One of them became the merchant prince of the state, one became president of a bank, afterward president of a railroad, and now lives in New York, an old citizen and wealthy; and still another is a prominent merchant of Savannah. These gentlemen went to work for him when they were boys. As they grew up they went in business on their own accounts.

In 1853 Sol's luck began to change. His wife died, parties for whom he had indorsed failed, and soon his wealth melted away. In 1856 he died, and though he was then only in moderate circumstances, no funeral of those times was so largely attended. All citizens of every class turned out to pay the last tribute to his memory, and a most impressive sermon was delivered by the pastor of the Presbyterian church.

Such is the story of a free negro in times when the south knew nothing but slavery.—Macon (Ga.) Cor. New York Herald.

THE MILD LOOKING MAN.

He Was Willing to Answer to the Name of Snaggs.

"Ha! Caught you at last, have I?"

The tall, powerful man who uttered these words stood in the center of a group at a street corner in a far western town. As he spoke he brought his hand down heavily on the shoulder of a mild looking stranger who was passing by and turned him half way round.

The tall, powerful man had previously winked at the bystanders.

"You don't remember me, I s'pose?" he continued, with a fierce frown, as he tightened his clutch on the stranger's shoulder.

"Why, no; I can't say I do," replied the mild looking man, looking at him wonderingly.

"You've forgot all about the time you leaned out of a car window of a train just pullin' out of Cheyenne and knocked my hat off, I reckon?"

"I certainly don't remember anything of the kind," protested the bewildered stranger. "I never saw you before."

"O, yes you did! You may have forgot it, but I haven't." And he emphasized the assertion by a vigorous shake. "I haven't forgot it, and I've said a thousand times since then that if I ever met you agin I'd make you apologize or fight."

"Now that I think of it," said the mild looking stranger, stooping to pick up his hat, which had fallen to the ground during the shaking process, "it seems to me I do remember something of the kind. I suppose I am bound to give you satisfaction for it. Put up your dukes!"

His bewildered look had all gone by this time. Placing himself in an attitude of defense, he danced about the big man in a way startlingly suggestive of previous practice.

"Before I mop the sidewalk with you," said the other, "I want to be sure I ain't mistaken. Your name is—is Snaggs, ain't it?"

"Snaggs!" replied the stranger, planting a blow neatly on his antagonist's jaw. "Certainly! Snaggs will do as well as anything else. Snaggs it is!"

"But, hold on! I want to be dead sure! The man I'm lookin' fur is Jerusalem Snaggs!"

"You've found him, my friend," exclaimed the stranger, as he banged him on the nose. "I'm Jerusalem Snaggs!" he continued, making a feint with his left and administering a vicious upper cut with his right. "Oh, yes, I am Snaggs [biff] from [whack] Snaggsville, Snaggs county [bang], near the head waters of Snaggs creek. Office hours from 1 to 2. Come early and avoid the rush!"

With a final blow under the ear he laid the burly fellow flat on the ground.

As he turned to go he said:

"My name, gentlemen, is Jerusalem Snaggs, of course, but for convenience sake I go around under an alias."

And he took from his vest pocket a card and threw it on the prostrate body of the big man. After he had gone away somebody picked it up and read:

D. JEMPSEY,
PROFESSOR OF SCIENTIFIC BOXING
☞ SPECIAL ATTENTION DEVOTED TO TRAINING PUGILISTS.

—Chicago Tribune.

Rescued.

Miss Roosevelt—Why, uncle!

Professor Hoxley, LL D. (who has been on a trip to Coney Island)—Our hats blew off on the boat, my dear, and if it hadn't been for the kindness of some of the passengers we should have had to waive our dignity and come home bareheaded.—Judge.

Doubtful About It.

They were gathered sorrowfully around the couch of the poor fellow who had been smashed to pieces under the hammer of a pile driver.

"Do you think he will recover?" asked a young lady—possibly his sister, perhaps one who held a nearer and dearer relation.

With a mighty effort the wounded man raised his head. "Doctor," he said, "I should like to get well; but when I think what a bore I should be by going about forever through life and bragging over my narrow escape, I feel it is best that I should go."—Boston Transcript.

The Ill-Medicined System.

Wife of Sick Man (much alarmed)—Doctor, by some mistake I gave him a double dose of the medicine in the No. 1 bottle. Will it have a bad effect?

Young Physician—Not necessarily, madam. Give him a double dose from the No. 2 bottle. It will act as a sort of an antidote to the other.—Chicago Tribune.

Must Keep Quiet.

A certain talkative freshman who was wont to disturb recitations by his loud whispering was thus squelched by the professor in Latin: "Mr. R——, you must really be quiet, or you will rise from the insignificance of a nuisance to the dignity of a public calamity."—New York Mail and Express.

An Easy Explanation.

Wife (looking in stationer's window)—What is this—reproduction of Egyptian hieroglyphics?

Husband—No; that is a specimen of work done by the winner in a high speed typewriting contest.—Time.

Instantaneous Pedestrianism.

Bloodgood—Bigsby is a great walker. I understand that he covered a mile in ten minutes yesterday.

De Smith—Pshaw! With his feet he ought to be able to cover a mile standing still.—Burlington Free Press.

At the Circus.

"I wonder how the iron jawed man acquired his marvelous power of lifting weights with his teeth?"

"He probably boarded at a restaurant for a while."—Lincoln Journal.

Effect of Travel.

Mrs. Magnus—I think travel broadens one; don't you think so, Mrs. Lofty?

Mrs. Lofty—Oh, ha! yes. Why, I gain ten or fifteen pounds every time I go to Europe."—Drake's Magazine.

He Was a Grammarian.

Office Boy offering a silver dollar to the editor)—I found this laying in the hall, sir.

Great Editor (whose forte is grammar)—Then why did you not bring in the egg?—Drake's Magazine.

Origin of Lynch Law.

It is not generally known that the term "lynch law" originated in Campbell county, Va., before the revolutionary war. At that period the country was thinly settled and was infested with Tories and desperadoes—too many of them, apparently, for the local authorities to adequately punish. Col. Charles Lynch, a distinguished officer of the revolutionary army, undertook to rid his country of the outlaws. He organized a force, arrested the outlaws, and having satisfied himself and comrades of the guilt of the accused, executed them without reference to the constituted authorities. While not altogether approving of the desperate remedy for a desperate cause, the beneficial effect of Col. Lynch's action was recognized, and has since been known as "Lynch's law" or "Lynch law."

Lynch's process of meting out speedy justice extended to other parts of the country, and is a well recognized form of redress of grievances today, particularly for that class of offenses that are popularly believed not to be adequately punished by the statutes and courts of the state. Col. Lynch's brother gave his name to Lynchburg, and left a son who was subsequently governor of Louisiana.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

An Early Mill.

The want of mills is everywhere a great deprivation in a new country; varied have been the devices for overcoming it. A substitute for a mill was used in the early settling of western New York and probably to some extent in Ohio. It consists of a stump hollowed out by fire as a mortar, with a log attached to the end of a young sapling bent over to act as a pestle. The process was slow and tedious, it being a day's work to convert a bushel of corn into samp.

The early settlers in western New York when they owned a few slaves, which some of them did, employed them in this drudgery, hence the process was vulgarly termed "niggering corn." People of humanity in our time would not be guilty of using such an expression as this. No one thing shows the general moral advance of the American people more strongly than their treatment of and increased consideration for the humbler classes among them.—Howe's Historical Recollections of Ohio.

Mosquitoes.

The bill of a mosquito is a complex institution. It has a blunt fork at the head, and is apparently grooved. Working through the groove, and projecting from the angle of the fork, is a lance of perfect form sharpened with a fine bevel. Beside it the most perfect lance looks like a hand saw. On either side of the lance two saws are arranged, with the points fine and sharp and the teeth well refined and keen. The backs of these saws play against the lance. When the mosquito alights with his peculiar hum, it thrusts its keen lance, and then enlarges the aperture with the two saws, which play beside the lance until the forked bill with its capillary arrangement for pumping blood can be inserted. The sawing process is what grates upon the nerves of the victim and causes him to strike wildly at the sawyer.—Hall's Journal of Health.

Whence Come the Flies?

From where do all the flies come? The question is often asked, and seldom receives as satisfactory an answer as has been given by a contemporary: The common fly lays more than 100 eggs, and the time from egg laying to maturity is only about two weeks. Most of us have studied geometrical progression. Here we see it illustrated. Suppose one fly commences "to multiply and replenish the earth" about June 1. June 15, if all lived, would give 150. Suppose seventy-five of these are females, July 1 would give us, supposing no cruel wasp or other untoward circumstances to interfere, 11,250 flies. Suppose 5,625 of these are females, we might have July 15, 843,750 flies. For fear of bad dreams I will not calculate what might be by Sept. 15.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Foods for the Nervous.

Many brain workers and others of highly nervous temperaments are troubled with insomnia, nervous twitchings and starting from sleep and sensations of falling. These symptoms indicate weak nerves. The victim can very often indeed cure himself by dietetic means alone. The best diet is milk, and for a time it would be wise for him to limit himself to that. The quantity required by an adult to support him well is one pint at a meal, and four meals should be taken daily. The milk used should be up to the standard; if it is not, cream should be added to it. People with weak nerves, as a rule, drink but very little water, whereas they usually require a larger quantity than those whose nerves are strong and not easily shaken.—Boston Herald.

He Found It Sympathetic.

"There is at least one thing that I can say in your favor," said his wife's mother, "and that is you're a great deal more attentive to the Scriptures than you used to be. But I suppose that really I deserve most of the credit for it. I know that you never paid much attention to the good book till after you married my daughter."

"Yes, I pay more attention to such matters now."

"What portion are you reading?"

"'Lamentations.' I confine myself exclusively to that book."—Merchant Traveler.

A Real Helpmeet.

"There's nothing like having a wife who is a real helpmeet," said Mr. Stowaway.

"You're right," said Mr. Sassiety. "Look at Simpkins now. What would he be without his wife? He's just as dependent on her as he can be."

"Is that so?"

"Yes, just as dependent as he can be. They say that when he takes a pill she always swallows a glass of water to help him get it down."—Lewiston Journal.

LOVE ROMANTIC, YET MOST TRUE.

Three men, who were good and great,
Favored by fortune and fate
Loved one woman; but she
Loved none of the three.
They were friends and they loved each other
As friend loves friend, or brother brother;
But no one ever spoke
The name his heart awoke

The first his love to the woman told,
In passion's words, by hope made bold,
"Better than fame or wealth,
More than life itself,
I love you, I love you!" he said
She listened, but she shook her head,
And answered, low and true:
"I love not; love not you."

The second said: "I love you well,
More than through life my lips can tell.
Living, I'll love but you,
In death to you be true."
Why, she did not understand,
But she laid in his her hand;
And throughout all her life
She lived his faithful wife.

Of his love for her, the third
Spoke never a single word;
Yet was his love's degree
The highest of the three.
He watched her live and saw her die,
But his heart never voiced a cry.
Somehow, when her life was past,
He knew she was his at last.

—Gertrude Garrison.

Jealous of His Fame.

No one can be surprised when a man refuses to share his hardly earned fame with another, no matter how kindly his feelings toward that other may be.

An aspiring young man, who had written yards of verses for the paper published in his native town, at first used his initials, "J. R. L.," for a signature. Later, however, he omitted the middle letter, and a friend asked him the reason.

"Can't you guess?" asked the young poetaster. "Well, it may seem selfish, but I do want the credit of my own work."

"Why shouldn't you have it?"

The young man looked sympathetically at his stupid friend.

"My dear fellow," said he, "can't you see how it is? If I use only two of my initials people will soon associate them with my name; but if I write 'J. R. L.,' James Russell Lowell will get all the credit that belongs to me!"—Youth's Companion.

Sausage, Old and New.

Speaking of the "worship of the antique," there is a lady in Oldtown who worships the ancient sausage and declares that the modern sausage is a conspicuous illustration of the deterioration of the times. "No sooner," says she, "is it in the frying pan than it immediately turns itself wrong side out, and not satisfied with that feat it flies to pieces as if loaded with dynamite; consequently it is served in a shapeless mass, presenting a striking contrast to the shapely sausage cooked by our mothers, which came to the table perfect in shape, and nicely browned."—Lewiston Journal.

Healthy.

Personal illustrations are usually in doubtful taste, and sometimes are positively dangerous. A farmer was complained of for maintaining a nuisance in the shape of a piggery; the neighbors asserted that said piggery was detrimental to their health.

At the trial the rustic gentleman argued his own case and summed up as follows:

"The neighbors say, your honor, that hogs is unhealthy; I say they ain't. Look at me! Ain't I healthy?"—Youth's Companion.

Unterrified.

"I'm told," said George to Mabel, "that tyrotoxicon has been found in remarkable abundance in ice cream this season."

"Does it hurt one much?" she asked apprehensively.

"Oh, I guess it poisons you," he replied.

"Is it alive?"

"Ye—yes; I think so."

"Oh, George, how I would like to see one."—Merchant Traveler.

An Ungainly Creature.

Man is an ungainly creature at the best. His head is an irregular spheroid, his eyes are not alike or of equal efficiency; his whiskers won't grow uniformly. One shoulder is higher than the other, one hand or foot larger than the other—and this is on opposite sides—his hips (if he has any) are unequal in shape. The calves of his legs are not twins in anything but age; and without his tailor, hatter and bootmaker he is a sorry looking animal.—Ogden Argus.

How They Work.

Baking powders are mixtures of chemicals which, when moistened, liberate carbonic acid gas. They are added to the flour used in breadmaking, so that the gas, as it escapes, may puff up the dough, rendering it spongy and light. Yeast serves the same purpose by causing a fermentation in the flour, which also develops carbonic acid gas.—Boston Budget.

Had the Figures to Show for It.

"You never loved me, John!" sobbed Mrs. Billus hysterically.

"Maria," exclaimed Mr. Billus earnestly, "you are mistaken. If you will look back over the family expense account you will find that it cost us $27.50 for repairing rocking chairs during the first three years of our married life."—Chicago Tribune.

Optimism and Pessimism.

Pretty Daughter—Papa, dear, what is optimism?

Father—The art that enables a father to smile over his daughter's dressmaker's bills.

P. D.—And pessimism?

Father—The ability on the part of a woman to look supremely miserable in a becoming bonnet.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

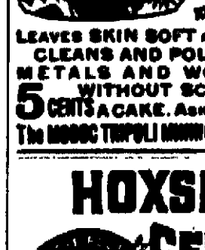
He that hath a trade hath an estate, and he that hath a calling hath a place of profit and honor. A plowman on his legs is higher than a gentleman on his knees.—Franklin.

Celery is said to have been introduced from France into England in 1704. From England it later found its way to America.

HOW CAN I GET
through my work to-day? I feel miserable, headachy, tired, pain in my back, my food won't digest, my whole body seems out of order. No wonder that it is no wonder you are in such a broken down condition, and you will keep getting worse unless you can cure your LIVER. This important organ is out of order and you must cure it by promptly using those never failing
Dr. C. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills.
They will restore you and give vigor and health to your whole system, making you strong and well. Only 25 cents a box, and they may save your life. Ask your druggist for the genuine
DR. C. McLANE'S
CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS
—MADE BY—
FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Look out for COUNTERFEITS made in St. Louis.
USE IVORY POLISH FOR THE TEETH.
PERFUMES THE BREATH.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing
SICK
Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured
HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head
ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

NO DUST OR DIRT. NO SMOKE OR SMELL.
ENAMELINE
STOVE POLISH
NEVER BURNS OR STAINS
NO BRUSH REQUIRED.
A PASTE IN TIN BOX. IT SAVES ¾ OF THE WORK
Get Sample Free from your Local Dealer.



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YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

A HALF HOUR'S INSTRUCTIVE READING FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

Information Concerning Chinese Children. How They Are Trained and What Their Amusements Are—Boy Life in China Is Not All Play.

As a baby the little Chinaman is called a "wa-wa," and his first Chinese words are "pa" and "ma," just the same as if he spoke English. The first great event of his life and his first trial is when the barber is called in to shave his head. He generally proves on that occasion to be a true "wa-wa," with vigorous lungs. After this first shaving his head for several years seems to send forth what may be called "cue sprouts" in every direction and from every part of his skull where the hair ought to grow. Sometimes as many as five or six, each braided and tied with a red cord, are found upon one boy. The great day of his youthful life is when all these smaller cues are shaved off and the single cue—the cue of manhood—is started.

CHINESE CHILDREN.

Chinese boys have a great many amusements. They play marbles, only the marbles are rolled with the foot instead of the fingers. They play a game like battledore and shuttlecock, only the sole of the foot takes the place of the battledore. Kite flying is universal in China, though that is rather a man's amusement there. But the range of toys for children is almost endless in its variety, and while they are rude and far cheaper than the elaborate clockwork contrivances with us, they serve their purpose equally well.

But boy life in China is not all made up of play. His preparation for manhood is made much the same as with us, and when he reaches a suitable age he is either sent to school or put to work. Schools are found in all the cities and villages, not supported by a tax, but by subscription or tuition fees, and all Chinese parents who can possibly afford it send their sons to school. The sons of the poorest peasants—poor with a poverty of which we know nothing—may aspire to the highest offices in the state, excepting only the imperial throne. The pathway to success is education, hence every sacrifice is made to keep the boy at school.

Stories That Instruct as Well as Entertain.

"I should like to relate an actual experience with a child of 8," says Katherine McQuoid in Christian Union. "When this little girl of whom I shall speak was 6 years old, I told her for the first time the story of the Odyssey, using all the proper names. She did not seem to care for it particularly, but as it was repeated from time to time her interest grew, and in the course of a month she would beg to have it told her. Then sometimes I would read her parts which she especially liked, and in that way cultivate her ear and taste for beautiful language. Today she is more familiar with the story of Odysseus than most students who have read it in the original.

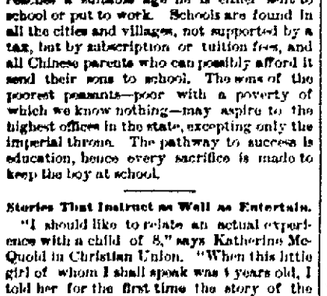
"I have always found it a better plan to begin to tell her the story first, and then, at an interesting point, begin to read. It was in that way also that she grew to love "Horatius." When she became perfectly familiar with the poem, I told her a little of the author, and about other brave things which Horatius did. And so she unconsciously learns history and literature. And in the same way I teach her mythology, selecting the most interesting parts, often weaving my own imagination into the story. Her mind is never crowded; she is told only a few stories and read to from a few good books, so that what she knows she understands thoroughly. As she grew older, I read Hawthorne's "Wonder Book" and "Tanglewood Tales." These she enjoys, and often there are suggestions which give me an opportunity to bring in archæological subjects."

"Sit" or "Set."

A writer in The Christian World sends up this little rocket to shed light upon the confusion existing in many minds in regard to the use of the two words "sit" and "set":

"A man, or woman either, can set a hen, although they cannot sit her; neither can they set on her, although the old hen might sit on them by the hour if they would allow. A man cannot set on the wash bench; but he could set the basin on it, and neither the basin nor the grammarians would object. He could sit on a dog's tail if the dog were willing, or he might set his foot on it. But if he should set on the aforesaid tail, or sit his foot there, the grammarians as well as the dog would howl. And yet, strange as it may seem, the man might set the tail aside and then sit down, and neither be assailed by the dog nor the grammarians."

The Happy Clovers.



In June, when skies are soft and blue,
And, somehow, seem to smile like mother,
In morning flecks that flash with dew
The clovers laugh to one another

The rosy faces dip and rise,
As if the breeze said something funny
Or maybe 'twas the bee, that flies
From head to head, to gather honey

THE CLOVERS LAUGH AT ONE ANOTHER,
Or, if he hasn't time to joke,
Perhaps it was the cat bird's chatter—
That noisy rogue in sober cloak.
You merry Clovers, what's the matter?

"The open secret's this: (the breeze,
The bird, the bee, that surly hummer,
All know it, dear:) we're laughing, please,
To think it's really, really summer!"
—St. Nicholas

Electricity for Snakes.

A report comes that a novel use of electricity has been made in India to prevent the entrance of snakes into dwellings. Before all the doors and around the house are laid two wires connected with an induction apparatus. Should a snake attempt to crawl over the wires he receives a shock of electricity that either kills or frightens him into a hasty retreat.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Something About Stars—How Fast They Travel.

The elder Struve made the movement of the sun through space to be about five miles a second, but on the supposition of the brightest stars being between two and three times nearer to us than they seem really to be. We can now see that the actual speed of the solar system can scarcely fall short of twelve or exceed twenty miles a second. By a moderate estimate, then, our position in space is changing to the extent of five hundred million of miles annually, and a collision between our sun and the nearest fixed star would be inevitable (were our course directed in a straight line toward it) after the lapse of 50,000 years.

The old problem of how the heavens move, successfully attacked in the solar system, has retreated to a stronghold among the stars, from which it will be difficult to dislodge it. In the stupendous mechanism of the sidereal universe, the acting forces can only betray themselves to us by the varying time configurations of its parts. But as yet our knowledge of stellar movements is miserably scanty. They are apparently so minute as to become perceptible, in general, only through observations of great precision extending over a number of years. Even the quickest moving star would spend 257 years in crossing an arc of the heavens equal to the disk of the full moon. Yet all the time (owing to the inconceivable distances of the objects in motion) these almost evanescent displacements represent velocities in many cases so enormous as to baffle every attempt to account for them. Runaway stars are no longer of extreme rarity.

One in the Great Bear, known as Groombridge 1830, invisible to the naked eye, but sweeping over at least 200 miles each second, long led the van of stellar speed; Professor Pritchard's photographic determination of the parallax of Cassiopeia shows, however, that inconspicuous object not only to be a sun about forty times as luminous as our own, but to be traveling at the prodigious rate of 300 miles—while Dr. Elkin's result for Arcturus gives it a velocity of little less than 400 miles—a second! The express star of the southern hemisphere, so far, is one of the fourth magnitude situated in Toucan. Its speed of about 200 miles a second may, however, soon turn out to be surpassed by some of the rapidly moving stars at the cape. Among them are pairs drifting together, and presumed therefore to be connected by a special physical bond, and to lie at nearly the same distance from ourselves. This presumption will now be brought to the test

The Fisheries Question.

The fisheries question, over which so much discussion has taken place in the past, was briefly this: 1. Whether the United States have a right in the British fisheries independent of treaty provisions. 2. What are the rights of American fishermen under the convention of 1818 and under the laws of navigation and of trade? 3. The "headlands" question, which is incidental to the other two questions. The British hold that the line must be drawn from headland to headland, three miles from shore. This interpretation would exclude American fishermen from the bays which indent the coast deeply and are the resort of the fish. The Americans say that three miles from shore means upon a line parallel with the shore and three miles distant from every point of the coast line. Consequently all bays more than six miles wide at the mouth would be open to the American fishermen.

St. Peter's.

The largest and grandest temple of worship in the world is the St. Peter's cathedral at Rome. It stands on the site of Nero's circus, in the northwest part of the city, and is built in form of a Latin cross. The total length of the interior is 612½ English feet; transept, 446¾ feet; height of nave, 152¾ feet; diameter of cupola, 193 feet; height of dome from pavement to top of cross, 448 feet. The great bell alone without the hammer or clapper weighs 18,000 pounds, or over nine and a quarter tons. The foundation was laid in 1450 A. D. Forty-three popes lived and died during the time the work was in progress. It was dedicated in the year 1626, but not entirely finished until the year 1880. The cost, in round numbers, is set down at $70,000,000.

St. George.

The renowned St. George of England, patron of arms and of the garter, has his historical antecedent in the infamous George of Cappadocia, who arose from the obscurity of a fuller's shop to the chair of Athanasius. His tyranny won for him a merited death of violence, which, invested with evidences of divine agency and with circumstances of preternatural origin, a benighted and superstitious age blindly adored with a fervor which in time canonized the tyrant's memory as a saint. Further information on this topic may be gleaned from Gibbon's Rome, vol. II, p. 451.

The "Paint Pots."

The "paint pots" of the Yellowstone park are strange things in nature. Old Faithful geyser, the chief object of interest in the park, sends up into the air every hour a stream of hot water some 200 feet high. There are boiling pools which take on decided tints and colors during the eruption of the old geyser. The color of each pool is always the same, and the "paint pots" are one of the attractions of the place.

A Big Anvil.

The largest anvil is that used in the Woolwich arsenal, England. It weighs sixty tons. The anvil block upon which it rests weighs 103 tons. Altogether 270 tons of iron were used in the anvil, the block and the foundation work. It is said to have been six months cooling before it was sufficiently hard to stand the shock of the immense hammer

The Ocean of Truth.

It was Sir Isaac Newton who said: "I seem to have been only like a boy playing on the sea shore and diverting myself in now and then finding a smoother pebble or a prettier shell than ordinary, whilst the great ocean of truth lay all undiscovered before me."

An Immense Hotel.

The largest hotel in the United States and probably the largest in the world is located at San Francisco, Cal. It is nine stories high and cost $3,500,000. It is named the Palace and has accommodations for 1,500 guests.

Brushed Shoes Are Cooler.

Dusty shoes are hotter than polished ones. The bright shoes, because of the polish, throw off the rays of the sun by reflection. Dull or dusty shoes absorb the heat of the sun, the earth and the air.

A Pencil for the Skin.

A Nuremberg manufacturer has invented pencils in blue, black and brown for writing on the human skin. They are to be used in anatomical and clinical [illegible]

United States.

There are in the United States [illegible] 000 miles of railroad, [illegible] mileage of the world [illegible] men people employed [illegible]

DRESSING THE WINDOWS.

ELABORATE DISPLAYS FOR CATCHING THE PUBLIC EYE.

How the Custom First Came About—Men Who Make a Business of It The Way Some of Them Do It—Windows to Attract Men as Well as Women.

Window dressing is something of a fine art nowadays. The times cause it to be so. He who has the most attractive window is making the most sales. Each merchant attempts to outdisplay the other, and in the great retail emporiums the position of window dresser is among the best in the house. For the expert in this sort of work is rarely to be met with. He must be an artist, a mechanic, and well versed in colors and stuffs.

Art window dressing in this country never had a beginning. It is simply a growth, the outcome of a struggle for novelty and to excel one's neighbor and competitor. A few years ago there were in New York city but three or four large dry goods houses. These had the name, the fame and the trade. Then there were hundreds of small stores and shops. For the advancement of any one of these the public eye must be attracted to it. And it was very largely window display that accomplished this, that built up rivals to the old establishments, who had attempted little of that sort of thing. At first in these small shops it was some clever and artistically inclined man from behind the counter who spent a part of his time in arranging the window.

As the business grew the window became the more important, and in the newer and larger stores of the new concerns entering with success into competition with the old establishments, windows were built specially for show purposes, and window dressing became a department of itself. Window dressers began to be sent for from London and Paris, but the most of them commenced behind the counter, and in all their window work have kept pace in their ideas with the growing demands of their concerns. Some say that there are only a dozen first class window dressers both in New York and Brooklyn; others claim that there are not half that number. Just what constitutes good window dressing it is difficult to find out, and what is simply the power of attracting the public eye. Professional jealousy seems to be largely in existence about another man's possession of that power.

"I can't explain how I dress a window," said one of the best of the craft the other day, "my experience tells me how to display goods and get certain effects, and that is all the secret of it. There are no rules about it, although a window dresser told me once you could learn it all out of a book. But you can't. It is a matter of long experience. By study and practice you gain ideas to be followed out. Of course, you must know how to put colors and stuffs together. All the really good men at it have been in the business fifteen or twenty years, abroad and here; a man must have it in him at the start, and then he must begin as a boy. He should have been behind the counter, and know just how to handle and display goods. But there's no rule about it. Every man in the business goes to work differently."

In most of the large stores the window dresser is autocrat in his department, and has his own private room for the keeping of his frameworks and materials. In Brooklyn this is especially the case. There the stores are newer, the windows larger, and the display in general more elaborate. In the window dresser's room of a store which displays picture dress as well as goods, there is much to be seen. A carpenter's bench—for he is his own carpenter—frameswork of wood, pasteboard and brass everywhere, curtains for the draping of dress goods, drawers and cabinets full of stuffs, men's clothing and wax heads. In the making up of "dummies" used only the heads are bought, and a stock of these are accumulated

The heads used are curious affairs. A wooden frame 2x4 feet square and a couple of inches thick, slightly stuffed and covered with white cloth, with two rockers to serve as lower limbs and entirely without upper ones, a short piece of wood upon which the waxen head and neck is placed. Upon this frame work is [illegible] a judicious stuffing [illegible] cloth's," to use [illegible] of it, "not the clothes to the man." In producing up a woman's figure no such elaborate dresses are used. A rough dress with the head of the [illegible] king about the shoulders [illegible] patterns such as [illegible] Dress lengths of the seam cotton and draped upon the forms. Then even the goods worn by the lay figure may be sold directly from the window, and it often happens that a buyer will want just exactly what she [illegible]

There are two kinds of window dressing. One believes it object to see the displaying of the goods themselves, the other the attaching of attention to the concern. The latter class are those who make use of pictures of [illegible] and wax figures. "A dainty display of goods," they say, "a clever blending of colors, will quickly catch a woman's eye. But the average man will never give it a moment's look. Now our windows are to attract everybody. Put in a striking figure, an odd design, and the man will take immediate notice of it. The goods will be displayed all the same. Now a man going home from business sees and gets a glimpse of our store front. He goes down to the tea table he says to his wife, 'Have you seen that new group in ——'s window? It is so and so.'

There are no doubt a good many married women about the city who do not see that window. Some of these, we calculate, will come to the store the next morning. Had there been merely an arrangement of silks or ribbons, the man would hardly have given it a glance and never a second thought.

"It is not good," say the experts, "to ticket—that is, price mark—goods in the window. It is too common, they say. The arrangement there is calculated to be so very attractive that should anything strike the fancy of the passing woman she is bound to come in and ask the salesman, "How much is that a yard?"—New York Mail and Express

NO CURE FOR BALDNESS.

A Tonsorial Artist Says a Fortune Awaits the Man Who Can Solve the Riddle.

"Can hair be made to grow on bald heads?" Said a fashionable hairdresser, in response to a reporter's query: "Yes—and no. If a person becomes bald owing to illness the hair can be made to grow again. In fact, it will grow again without making, but it can be aided and stimulated in its growth by tonics. But if a person is deprived of his or her hair by natural loss of vitality, it will not grow again, and nothing has ever been compounded that will restore it. Natural baldness comes on gradually, and the awful day of its complete triumph over the hair's existence may be postponed by the use of tonics, but the final catastrophe can't be prevented. Long experience has taught me that fact, although years ago I had the personal opinion of the renowned Dr. Bazin, of Paris, to that effect. I have dressed heads for more than a quarter of a century. I have lamented with hundreds of my patrons from whose heads not only the hand of time but the indiscretions and carelessness of youth were gradually but persistently plucking the natural and often luxuriant covering, and have anointed, drenched and plastered their too apparent polls with lotions, tonics and pomatums, and rubbed and kneaded and manipulated their failing scalps until, if there had been one ember of hair life left slumbering there, it must surely have been brought back to its wonted fire and vigor, and have given it up at last and handed them the card of the wigmaker. If I have used one hair restorative I have used 500, and every one was warranted to not only prevent baldness but to restore to bald heads their sometime hirsute glory. Look at me. See what a remarkable growth and youthful gloss of hair I have. It has not changed in twenty-five years. Why?"

The hair dresser seized his soft brown hair with both hands, and with a vicious jerk removed it from his head. It was a costly wig, and his head was as white and bare as a billiard ball.

"That is why!" he murmured bitterly. "And I am not only a hair dresser, but one skilled in every tonsorial art! If there were help for baldness other than the skill of the wig maker, do you suppose for a moment that I, of all men, would not know it, and knowing it, would not only have rescued myself, but have saved to myself hundreds of my most profitable customers? If that is not proof enough that a man once bald is always bald, just call to mind doctors of your own acquaintance who are bald as glass globes. They are learned in the mysteries of drugs and their preparation. They know what result their combination and application will produce. If any one living were capable of curing baldness some one among those experts in the science of medicine ought to be. You never had occasion to go to a doctor to get a prescription for baldness. I have.

"'Come to me for a cure for anything else,' my medical adviser said. 'Anything else,' said he, 'and I will cure you. But baldness! Why, my dear sir, Esculapius himself was as bald as—as bald as—well, as bald as I am!'

"And he was bald, this doctor of mine. An onion has more hair than he had! No, my son. If there lurked anywhere in all the materia medica, of not only this age but of past ages, the name of one little herb or drug, or whatever you may call it, that could bid even one hair to grow where there had been ten before, there would be no bald doctors nor bald hairdressers, and the discoverer of this boon would live longer in the hearts of men than would the much spoken of individual who is expected to reach the summit of all greatness some day by making two blades of grass grow where only one grew before."—New York Mail and Express

A Bird of the Virginia Natural Bridge.

High up in the crest of the mountains on the Buninghan, Sheffield and Tennessee River railroad there is to be found one of nature's wonders. It is a natural bridge, as complete, as perfect, as symmetrical, and, in some essentials, more remarkable than the great natural bridge of Virginia.

The bridge lies between the stations of Lynn and Delmar. It is about fifty-eight miles from Sheffield and twenty-nine miles from Jasper. Its length from abutment to abutment is 175 feet. Its width is 25 feet, and the thickness ranges from 1 to 6 feet. It is of pure sand stone, and has no doubt stood the climate changes of ages. Leaning over the bridge you see in the ravine which it spans, some sixty feet below, the shimmer and sparkle of many springs of clear, limpid water, which bubble from the sandstone soil, and joining flow down the ravine. A singular feature is a subdivision or smaller bridge, constructed on the same pattern, perhaps even more perfect lines, which leads from one side of the bridge proper.—Tuscumbia North Alabamian.

Perseverance.

The cause of nine parts in ten of the lamentable failures which occur in men's undertakings lies not in the want of talents, or the will to use them, but in the vacillating and desultory way of using them, in flying from object to object; in starting away at each little disgust, and thus applying the force which might conquer any one difficulty to all series of difficulties so large that no human force can conquer them. Commend me therefore to the virtues of perseverance. Without it all the rest are little better than fairy gold, which glitters in your purse, but when taken to market proves to be slate or cinders.—Carlyle

A Simple Scientific Experiment.

Take a bottle and place a cork over the mouth. The cork must be sufficiently large to rest lightly upon it, without falling into the neck. Snap the neck of the bottle sharply with the thumb and finger, and the cork will fall from the bottle towards the hand giving the blow, and not away from it, as might be expected. This effect is due to the principle of inertia, the quick blow forcing, as it were, the bottle away from the cork before the motion can be transmitted to the cork itself.—Buffalo Times.

German Etiquette.

Perhaps the best criterion of the minuteness of German etiquette is the little unwritten code on pocket manners. German good form is shocked by the helter skelter condition of the American pocket. A well bred German never allows his keys and his pocketknife, his small change, his shoe buttoner and his cigar cutter to jingle about loosely in his trousers pocket. The greatest offense against German pocket manners is to carry small silver coins loose in the pocket. A German lieutenant may have only half a dollar to his name, but he carries as big a purse as if he owned all the notes of the Imperial Reichsbank. In paying for 5 cents' worth of beer he goes down into his trousers and draws out his flabby pocketbook with a dignity, thanking heaven that he is a mannerly, high born Prussian, and not a vulgar tradesman like the American at his side, who has just slapped down on the table a mess of gold, silver, key and manicure apparatus. The small German schoolboy is not even allowed to carry his car fare without a purse.—Detroit Free Press

Caution to Mothers.

Every mother is cautioned against giving her child laudanum or paregoric; it creates an unnatural craving for stimulants which kills the mind or the child. Acker's Baby Soother is specially prepared to benefit children and cure their pains. It is harmless and contains no Opium or Morphine. Sold by H. C. Heberman & Co.

Were You Ever Burned?

Of course you were, and you know how painful a little burn is. Cole's Carbolsalve instantly relieves the pain of Burns and Scalds and will cure the worst case without a scar. It is superior to any external remedy known for the relief and cure of Piles, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Chilblains, Bites of Poisonous Insects, Salt Rheum, Tetter and all itching and irritating diseases of the skin and scalp. The wrapper of the genuine is green and the letters are green. Small boxes 25 cents; large boxes 50 cents. Sold by W. B. Foye.

A westerner advertises as follows: "Wanted: A good sober gentleman house by a family without children, grandchildren, mother-in-law or grandparents or hired girl with a lover.

Is Life Worth Living?

Not if you go through the world a dyspeptic. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets are a positive cure for the worst forms of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. Guaranteed and sold by H. C. Heberman & Co.

Lengthen Your Days.

You can prolong your days by using Loogee's Extract Red Clover Blossoms. It is the best blood purifier in the market, and thousands attest its value. Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Foye, Druggist

A cardinal fellow says you can tell the homeliest kind of a girl that she is "beautiful as a poet's dream" and not do the least damage to the truth. Poets have the nightmare just the same as common folks.

A Duty to Yourself.

It is surprising that people will use a common ordinary pill when they can secure a valuable English one for the same money. Dr. Acker's English pills are a positive cure for sick-headache and all liver troubles. They are small, sweet, easily taken and do not gripe. Sold by H. C. Heberman & Co.

—Dr. E. Moore, the eminent optician of Detroit, Mich., who is now a resident of Marion, will visit every town in this county. Any one suffering with weak eyes, or eyes abused by inferior glasses, should not fail to see him. Orders left at the postoffice will be promptly attended to. No extra charge for examination or visiting patients at their home. On Saturdays and Sundays he can be found in his office at residence on No. 25, Silver street

Cole's Carbolsoap

Is a medicinal Toilet Soap absolutely pure and free from the deleterious ingredients used in many of the so-called skin soaps. It purifies the skin, allays the irritation of sunburn, rash and prickly heat, softens the hands and prevents roughness and chapping, cures black heads, pimples and skin blotches, and preserves, freshens and beautifies the complexion. It produces a soft creamy emulsion even in hard water, and is a positive luxury for the bath, the toilet and the nursery. Get only the genuine, the label on which is black and the letters green. Price 25 cents. Sold by W. B. Foye

The Somerville Journal says every bicyclist should use his personal influence to secure good roads, but his duty does not require him to get off his wheel over the handles to smooth the highway even with the back of his neck.

Pimples on the Face

Denote an impure state of the blood and are looked upon by many with suspicion. Acker's Blood Elixir will remove all impurities and leave the complexion smooth and clear. There is nothing that will so thoroughly build up the constitution, purify and strengthen the whole system. Sold and guaranteed by H. C. Heberman & Co.

I cheerfully refer my testimonial to behalf of Red Clover Blossoms for Cancers, Scrofulous Ulcerations, Eczema and Glandular Swellings. After more than twenty years' experience I have found it to be an excellent blood purifier.
A. J. MASCAR, M. D.
Monroe, Mich.
Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Foye Druggist

A Kentucky man has designed an apparatus by which he claims that water may be successfully burned in a common stove. Next thing the men in the state will get to drinking water, says one paper

Are You Skeptical?

If so we will convince you that Acker's English Remedy for the lungs is superior to all other preparations, and is a positive cure for all Throat and Lung troubles, Croup, Whooping Cough and Colds. We guarantee the preparation. Sold by H. C. Heberman & Co

Frash

The most popular materials for elegant Summer Costumes are

India Silks and Wool Challies!

We have a beautiful line of these new and stylish dress goods, and sell them in dress pattern lengths, which guarantees the customer that their dress will not be duplicated. Our prices are very reasonable, as some can be bought almost as cheap as a French Sateen. China Silks in cream, pink, blue, etc. for Dresses or Sashes.

For coolness and durability a Zephyr Gingham beats the world. White wash goods in stripe at 6 1-4 cts.

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TO THE PUBLIC:

WE SUBMIT OUR FORMULA for your kind consideration. It is a peculiar [illegible] Wonderful [illegible] Our Motto [illegible] Hood Medicine IN THE WORLD.

IT NEVER FAILS. HIBBARD'S RHEUMATIC SYRUP AND PLASTERS. No remedies known to the [illegible] Rheumatism. Our Motto [illegible] Hood's Sarsaparilla [illegible] Hood and Family Physician free on application. Rheumatic Syrup Company, JACKSON, MICH.

CASCARA SAGRADA. As a laxative and tonic [illegible] CULVER'S ROOT is powerful [illegible] BLACK CONCHE, as used in this syrup, is a powerful [illegible] BURDOCK has no equal for the cure of Rheumatism, Kidneys, Liver and all Skin Diseases, [illegible] PUKE ROOT is the only [illegible] SARSAPARILLA is tonic, alterative, diuretic and [illegible]

IN ADDITION to the ABOVE, which are everywhere recognized by the MEDICAL FACULTY as being the best known Blood Tonics, our fresh one contains RARE DRUGS, rendering

Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup

[illegible] Blood Purifier, Liver and Kidney Regulator and Rheumatic Remedy. We [illegible] it contains no poisons or opiates, [illegible] and when they can use. No home [illegible] Always in season. Syrup, 6 bottles $5.00. Plasters 25c. Cannot procure it of your druggists and dealers [illegible] Syrup, 6 bottles $5.00. Plasters 25c.

TESTIMONIALS WORTHY OF CONFIDENCE.

[illegible] Mich., Dec. 20, 1[illegible] Acker's Blood Elixir [illegible] Having served as [illegible] Surgeon and Physician in Central Railroad Company at [illegible] Michigan, which, about seven years ago, my kidneys became [illegible] and I have been a great sufferer ever since. Have consulted the leading physicians of this city and Ann Arbor, and all pronounced my case Bright's Disease, suffering under every severe [illegible] quarters I resided. Last summer I commenced taking Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup, and after using [illegible] bottles I feel myself entirely cured. I am now engaged in the lumber business, and [illegible] Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup to other suffering humanity any good [illegible] Yours respectfully, [illegible] the world. E. LOCKWOOD, Agent M. C. R. R.

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POSITIVE CURE FOR CATARRH

FAILS TO CURE.

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